SIEMSSEN & Co.

TURNER & Co.

New PLAYING CARDS.

are Solicited.

Postage Stamp Albums.

Edkina's "Chinese Buddhism."

A large Stock of NEW PIPES.

CHRISTMAS ANNUALS.

ENVELOPES.

Photographs.

metablished February, 1845.

AGENTS for "London and China

"Men of the Time," new edition."
Geikie's "Pre-historic Europe."

"Handy Book of Villa Architecture."

St. John's " Wild Coast of Nippon."

Dr. Kerr's "New Guide to Canton."

A New STOCK of PURSES, CARD

CASES, MONEY CASES, WRITING

CASES, and Other LEATHER GOODS.

The New WHITEHALL STATIONERY

New Plush PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES.

Royal Ulster Linen NOTE PAPER and

Half-Morocco ALBUMS for unmounted

Express," for which Subscriptions

日六初月二年已辛

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON: F. ALGAR, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E. C. GEORGE STREET & Co., 80, Cornhill. GORDON & GOTCH, Ludgate-Circus, E.C. BATES HENDY & Co., 4, Old Jewry, E.C. SAMUEL DEACON & Co., 150 & 154

PARIS AND EUROPE :- LEON DE ROSNY, Procuration. 19, Rue Monsieur, Paris. NEW YORK :-- ANDREW WIND, 133, Nas-

Leadenhall Street.

sais Street. AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND :- GORDON & GOTCH, Mel-

bourne and Sydney. SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally :- BEAN & BLACK, San Fran-

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, &c. :- SAYLE & PHINEAS RYRIE, EDWARD CAREY SMITH, Square, Singapore. C. Heinszen

& Co., Manila. CHINA: - Macao, Mesars A. K. DE MELLO Swatow, CAMPAELL & Co. Amoy, Wilson, Nichons & Co. Foochow, Hedge & Co. Shanghai, LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., and KELLY & WAISH. Yokoltama, LANE, CRAW-FORD & Co.

Banks.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS. (Incorporated 7th & 18th March, 1848.)

DECOGNISED by the INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION OF 30TH APRIL, 1862.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP.....£3,200,000. RESERVE FUND£800,000. HEAD OFFICE-14, RUE BEEGERE,

PARIS.

AGENCIES and BRANCHES at: SAN FRANCISCO, BOURBON. LONDON. HONGKONG. MARSEILLES, BOMBAY, HANKOW. CALCUTTA, LYONS, FOOGHOW, SHANGHAI. NANTES. MELBOURNE.

- LONDON BANKERS: THE BANK OF ENGLAND. THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.

The Hongkong Agency receives Fixed Deposits on Terms to be ascertained onapplication, grants Drafts and Credits on all parts of the World, and transacts every description of Banking Exchange Business. E. G. VOUILLEMONT,

Manager, Shanghai. Hongkong, May 20, 1879.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. (Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL£1,500,000. TATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DE-3 months' notice 3% per Annum.

Current Accounts kepts on Terms which Cornes & Co. may be learnt on application. GEO. O. SCOTT. Acting Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation, Hongkong, September 4, 1879.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, 5,000,000 Dollars. RESERVE FUND,1,800,000 Dollars.

COURT OF DIRECTORS. Chairman-A, McIver, Esq. Deputy Chairman-H. L. DALBYMPLE, Esq.

ADOLP ANDRE, Esq. H. Hoppius, Esq. E. R. Belillos, Esq. Hon. W. Keswick. H. DE C. FORBES, F. D. SASSOON, Esq. W. S. Young, Esq. CHIEF MANAGER.

Hongkong,.....Thomas Jackson, Esq. MANAGER. Shanghai, Ewen Cameron, Esq. LONDON BANKERS .- London and County

HONGKONG. INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Account at the fate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily of 2 per cent, per annum on the daily balance. For Fixed Deposits:-

For 8 months, 3 per cent. per annum. 4 per cent. ,, 5 per cent.

Tubular Boilers, constructed in 1873 to sustain a pressure of 40 lbs. to the square inch. LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED. Oredite granted on approved Securities. and every description of Banking and MAGAO STRAMBOAT COMPANY. Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, the Canton waters, nor in the Yangtsze-Kiang, nor between Shanghai and Ningpo; the Vessel and Appurtenances, with all faults and errors of description, to be at the Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON. Chief Manager.

Offices of the Corporation, No. 1, Queen's Road East.

Hongkong, February 15, 1881. Notices of Firms.

J. MOCRAITH. AUGTIONEER, LAND AND COMMISSION AGENT.

HAIPHONG,

Tonquin Haiphong, February 12, 1881.

NOTIOE.

ATOTICK is hereby given, that the Undersigned have this day commenced Business at Hongkong as COAL MER-CHANTS and COMMISSION AGENTS. AH YON & Co.,

F59, Praya Central. Deted the 3rd day of January, 1881.

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

TITR. WILLIAM WALKINSHAW has

VI RETIRED from our Firm, and his In-

TEREST and RESPONSIBILITY have CEASED.

The Business will be carried on as heretofore

by the remaining Partners, viz :- Messrs

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instruc-

WEDNESDAY,

the 9th March, 1881, at Noon, at H. M.

SUNDRY CONDEMNED NAVAL,

VICTUALLING & MEDICAL STORES,

VAS, BOATS, PROVISIONS, CLOTHING, IMPLE-

FOR SALE

On 31st MARCH Next,

(Unless previously disposed of by Private

THREE PLOTS OF

Together with the

BUILDINGS THEREON,

Situate in the Foreign Concession at Yoko-

hama, Japan, and

Numbered 34, 35 & 65

On the Register of British Land Renters,

and now in the occupation of Messrs

W. H. TAYLOR,

PUBLIC AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY, the 30th April, 1881,

at Noon, will be SOLD by PUBLIC

AUCTION (if not previously disposed of

by Private Contract), on board the Steamer,

THE PADDLE-WHEEL RIVER STEAMER

"KIN-SHAN,"

extensively overhauled in 1876 and 1978.

DIMENSIONS,-Length over all 244 feet

Breadth 35 4-10ths feet, Depth of Hold 11

DECK ARRA FOR PASSENGERS .- 11.152

CARGO CAPACITY. - Under tonnage deck

Spred.—On a working pressure of steam

DRAFT OF WATER. - Light 6 6-12ths feet.

ENGINE. Vertical Beam Engine, nominal

Bornes .- Two Circular Return Flue and

For further Particulars, apply at the

Office of the Hongkong, Canton, and

TRRMS OF SALE, - Cash on the fall of the

hammer: Purchaser to give a guarantee

that the Steamer shall not be employed in

Purchaser's risk on the fall of the hammer.

For Sale.

FOR SALE

CHAMPAGNE.

Hongkong, February 2, 1880.

WASHING BOOKS.

(In English and thinese.)

W of Ladies and Gentlemen, can now

be had at this Office .- Price, \$1 each.

CHIMA MAIL Office.

ASHERMAN'S BOOKS, for the use

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

P. A. DA COSTA.

Secretary.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Hongkong, February 25, 1881.

loaded with 700 tons measurement 8 2-12th

H.P. 150, diameter of cyclinder 56in.,

of 20 lbs. per square inch, 12 knots per

hour; on full pressure, 15 knots.

length of stroke 10 feet.

300 tons, on main deck 400 tons=700 tons

as she now lies in Hongkong Harbour,-

Yokohama; or

RICHARD ASPINALL,

21, Mincing Lane, London.

Particulars to be obtained from

Feb. 1, 1881.

-10ths feet.

superficial feet.

measurement.

Contract) the

J. M. ARMSTRONG,

Auctioneer.

---- comprising :-

Hongkong, March 4, 1881.

tions from H.M. NAVAL STOREKEEPER,

and ARTHUR WELLESLEY WALKINSHAW:

Hongkong, January 1, 1881.

to Sell by Public Auction, on

Naval Yard,-

MENTS, &C.

For Sale.

KELLY & WALSEI

TAVE Just RECEIVED R. NICOLAUS AUGUST SIEBS has this day been admitted a PARTNER A. B. C. TELEGRAPH CODES. Audsley and Bowes' "Kernmic Art of in our Firm at Hongkong and in China, and Mr. ALEXANDER WASSERFALL Allen's "Engineer's Guide." has been authorized to SIGN the Firm per

Towson's "Deviation of Compass." "Engineering Drawing."
Haswell's "Pocket Book for 1880." Hongkong, January 1, 1881. -- ap3 Davis's "Azimuth Tables." " Yacht Sailing." Thearle's "Naval Architecture."

"Stonehonge on Dogs." "Voice Production and Preservation." Poe's "Complete Works." Buck's "Oblique Bridges." Mossman's "Japan." "Atlas of Anatomy."

New Engineering and Nautical Works. Mathematical Instruments. OLIVE WOOD GOODS :- Consisting of INKSTANDS, PAPER KNIVES, &c. A Quantity of Excellent PIANO and VOCAL MUSIC, 25 Conts each. New BIRTHDAY & EASTER CARDS.

Hongkong, February 18, 1881.

JUST LANDED, PER STEAMSHIP

For Sale.

GLENEAGLES. T ADIES'. GENTLEMEN'S and CHILDREN'S ent Kinds. (Latest Fashions), of Differ-Also, SATINES, POMPADOURS, and FRENCH PRINTS, &c., &c. OLD IRON, HOSES, FILES, PAINTED CAN-

NOORMAHOMED KHAMISA, * 8 & 10, Peel Street. Hongkong, March 1, 1881.

FOR SALE.

JUST LANDED DIRECT FROM OPORTO, FEW CASES OLD INVALIDS' PORTWINE (The usual Blue Brand). Apply to J. J. DOS REMEDIOS & Co.,

Stanley Street. Hongkong, February 10, 1881.

BUSINESS IN MANILA FOR SALE. THE Proprietor of the principal Eu-ROPEAN TAILORING ESTABLISH-MENT in MANILA, (established since 1860,

and situated in one of the principal thoroughfares of Manila), wishing to retire, Offers his BUSINESS FOR SALE. Applicants will please address "A. B. C., Post Restante, Manila."

Manila, February 4, 1881. NOW READY.

PRICE, \$1.00. 'COMPARATIVE CHINESE FAMILY LAW,

By E. H. PARKER. Can be obtained from KELLY & WALSH at Shanghai and Hongkong, at LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., Hongkong, and at the China Mail Office. Hongkong, December 6, 1879.

To Let. TO LET.

"BROCKHURST," Mount Goven. IIAS an Excellent LAWN TENNIS GROUND attached, and a good view on the North and South Sides of the Island. The FURNITURE can be taken over at a

valuation should the Tenant so wish. Apply to H. L. DENNYS, 18, Back Buildings. Hongkong, Marsh 3, 168

HONGKONG WHARF & GODOWNS. of 1,381 on Register Tons, built in New York U.S.A., in 1863, re-built in 1873, and

Moderate Rates, in FIRST-CLASS Entire GODOWNS to BE LET.

Apply to MEYER & Co.

Hongkong, March 2, 1881.

TO BE LET.

(FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, WITH POS-BESSION ON THE FIRST OF MAY A.C.) THE HOUSE, PRAYA EAST, No. 11, at

present in the occupation of the Undersigned. Either the whole House or in The GROUND FLOORS of HOUSES.

Nos. 2 and 3, PRAYA EAST (known as the BLUE HOUSES"); Immediate-possession.

MEYER & Co. Hongkong, March 2, 1881.

TO LET.

ON MARINE LOT No. 65, FIRST-CLASS GRANITE GODOWNS. Apply to

MEYER & Co. Hongkong, July 25, 1879.

TO LET.

HE DWELLING HOUSE-No. 81 WELLINGTON STREET ROOMS in CLUB CHAMBERS, suitable for Offices or Chambers. The DWELLING HOUSE, No. 46, PERL STREET, below CAINE ROAD; posses

TULES MUMM. & Co.'s sion from 1st February next. Apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hongkong, February 2, 1880.

> ODOWNS-TO LET PRAYA BAST AND WANDHAL ROAD. For Particulars, apply to STEMSSEN & Co. Hongkong, January 21, 1881.

Intimations.

WANTED, AN OFFICE. THE Undersigned will feel obliged any one who will Let him a LIGHT,

R. G. ALFORD, Surveyor, de, de. Hougkong, March 1, 1881.

Comfortable Room in a convenient situation.

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG GENERAL CHAM-BER OF COMMERCE. HE Annual General MEETING of

MEMBERS of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce will be Held at the CITY HALL, on THURSDAY, the 10th March, at 3.30 p.m. By Order,

E. GEORGE, Secretary. Hongkong, March 1, 1881.

CHINA SUGAR REFINING COM-PANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Ordinary Annual MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company will be Held at the OFFICE of the GENERAL AGENTS, on FRIDAY, the 11th day of March next, at 3 o'Clock p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Agents, together with a Statement of Accounts to 31st December, 1880.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Agents.

Hongkong, February 24, 1881. CHINA SUGAR REFINING COM-

> PANY, LIMITED. NOTICE:

THE Transfer BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 26th February current to 11th March next; both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Agents. Hongkong, February 24, 1881.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING

CORPORATION. . NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE DIVIDEND declared for the Half-Year ending 31st December last, at the Rate of ONE POUND and TEN SHILLINGS STERLING per Share of \$125, is PAYABLE on and after WEDNESDAY, the 16th COODS RECEIVED on STORAGE at Instant, at the Offices of the Corporation, where Shareholders are requested to apply

for Warrants. By Order of the Court of Directors, T. JACKSON,

Ohief Manager. Hongkong, February 15, 1881.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS. CONTRIBUTING SHAREHOLDERS

are requested to send in a STATEMENT of BUSINESS Contributed during the Half-Year ended 31st December, 1880, on or before March 31st, on which date the Action with the above Steamer, are hereby counts will be Closed. informed that their Goods are being landed

By Order of the Board of Directors, D. GHAIES, Secretary.

Hongkong, February 25, 1881.

THE FAREAST. THE ISSUES OF 1878 WANTED. Apply at this OFFICE. Hongkong, October 4, 1880.

DYNAMITE, FUSES, DETONATORS, &c. LIROM NOBEL'S EXPLOSIVES CO. LIMITED, GLASGOW, can be had in

any Quantity on application to THE BORNEO Co., Ld., Agenta. Hongkong, March 8, 1880.

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. ROGERS has returned, and is now ready to RECEIVE PATIENTS at Lading to the Undersigned for counter-signature, and take immediate delivery. This Cargo has been landed and stored at his Rooms, the First-floor of the premises lately occupied by the National Bank of their risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Hongkong, December 7, 1880.

SAILOR'S HOME. ANY Cast-off Chorning, Books, or PAPERS will be thankfully received at the Sailor's Home, West Point. Hongkong, July 25, 1878.

Shipping.

Intimations.

THE HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA

DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

will be made at a Premium of 12 per Cent.

Company, No. 14, Praya, until Noon, on

TUESDAY, the 8th March current, accom-

panied by a Deposit of Ten per Cent. of

the amount applied for, and the Balance will become Payable on Allotment.

Where no Allotment is made the De-

Forms of Application can be obtained at

D. GILLIES,

By Order of the Board of Directors,

Hongkong, February 16, 1881.

THE HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA

DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

ATOTICE is hereby given, that an Extra-

HOLDERS will be Held at the REGISTERED

OFFICE of the above-named Company, No. 14, Praya Central, Victoria, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th day of March,

1881, at Thirty Minutes past Ten o'Clock

in the Forencon, for the purpose of Con-

firming the Special Resolution proposed and passed at the last Meeting of the Share-

holders held on the 22nd day of February.

Dated this 23rd day of February, 1881.

PARTNER WANTED.

Address "M.," OFFICE of this Paper.

Mr. Andrew Wind,

NEWS AGENT, &C.

133. NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK;

is authorized to receive Subscriptions,

Advertisements, &c., for the China Mail,

Overland China Mail, and China Review.

Notices to Consignees.

CASTLE LINE OF STEAMERS.

FROM LONDON, SINGAPORE AND

PENANG.

THE Steamship Flours Castle, KIDDER,

above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby

informed that all Goods-with the excep-

risk into the Godowns of the Undersigned at-

Wanchait whence delivery may be obtained.

on the Wharf are at liberty to do so.

4 p.m. To-DAY.

subject to rent.

Consignees wishing to receive their Goods

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on, un-

less notice to the contrary be given before

No Claims will be admitted after the

ADAMSON, BELL & Co.,

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Hongkong, February 28, 1881.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S. S. "NIIGATA MARU," FROM

KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

ONSIGNEES of Cargo by the above

Vessel are hereby requested to send

in their Bills of Lading for countersigns-

ture, and take immediate delivery of their

Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after TUESDAY, the 1st

March, will be landed and stored at Con-

STEAMSHIP "SAGHALIEN."

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per Steamship

and stored at their risk at the Company's

Godowns, whence delivery may be obtained

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on,

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

Goods remaining unclaimed after WED-

NESDAY, the 0th Instant, at Noon, will be

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES

MARITIMES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of the following Cargo

are requested to send in their Bills of

Ex Yangtio,

H 8 Nos. 3079/80, 2 cases Dyes, from

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Marseilles, Order.

Hongkong, February 21, 1881.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,

Agent.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

subject to rent and landing charges.

Hongkong, March 2, 1881.

unless intimation is received from the Con-

signees, before I p.m. To-DAY, requesting

immediately after landing

it to be landed here.

the Undersigned.

Indus, from London, in connec-

MITSU BISHI MAIL S. S. Co.,

50a, Queen's Road Central.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Hongkong, February 28, 1881.

Goods from alongside,

signees' expense and risk.

Commander, having arrived from the

Hongkong, January 10, 1881.

which is Still Increasing.

D. GILLIES.

· Secretary.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

ordinary MEETING of SHARE.

posits will be returned in full.

the OFFICE of the Company.

Steamers.

FOR SWATOW, AMOY & FOOCHOW.

THE CAPITAL of this Company will be The Steamship INCREASED by 2,000 New SHARES of \$125 each, in accordance with the Special. Capt. WESTORY, will be despatched for the above Resolution passed on the 31st day of December last. The issue of said Shares Ports on SUNDAY, the 6th Instant, at Daylight. APPLICATIONS for SHARES will be Re-

ceived at the REGISTERED OFFICE of the For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hongkong, March 2, 1881.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR MANILA. The Co.'s Steamship " Deucation. Captain T. Perrox, will be despatched on MON-DAY, the 7th Instant, at 1 p.m. For Freight or Passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, . Agents. Hongkong, March 4, 1881.

FOR MANILA. The Steamship "Diamante,"
Captain Cullen, will be despatched for the above Port on MONDAY, the 7th Inst., at 4 p.m., instead of as previously advertised.

For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, March 4, 1881.

FOR HOIHOW AND PAKHOL The Steamship Captain HUNTER, will be despatched for the above WANTED, an Enterprising PARTNER, with a Capital of \$1,500 or \$2,000, to go into a well-established BUSINESS Ports on TUESDAY, the 8th Instant, at

Daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co. Hongkong, March 4, 1881.

NOTICE. The Departure of the

Steamship
"Hungarian"
for AUSTRALIA is again Unavoidably POSTPONED for a few days owing to detention in Dock. GEO. R. STEVENS & Co.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY. FOR LONDON VIA SUEZ CANAL. The Co.'s Steamship

Hongkong, March 3, 1881.

Captain R. F. SCALE, will be despatched on or tion of Opium-are being landed at their For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

> Hongkong, February 23, 1881. OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods FOR SHANGHAI VIA AMOY. remaining after the 6th Proximo will be (Taking Carge & Passengers at through rates for CHEFOO, NEWCHWANG, TIEN-Bills of Lading will be countersigned by TSIN, HANKOW and Ports on

the YANGTSZE.) The Co.'s Steamship Capt. J. WILDING, will be despatched on o'

about the 12th Instant. For Freight or Passage, apply to BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

Hongkong, March 4, 1881, FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE (Calling at PORT DARWIN & QUEENS LAND PORTS should sufficient

inducement offer, and taking through Cargo to NEW ZEALAND.) The Eastern and Aus-Steamer Steamer tralian Steamship Co.'s will be despatched as above on THURS-

For Freight or Passage, apply to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co. Hongkong, March 2, 1881. FOR SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE

DAY, the 10th Instant, at 4 p.m.

(Calling at PORT DARWIN & QUEENS LAND PORTS should sufficient inducement offer, and taking through Cargo to NEW ZEALAND.) The Eastern and Aus-

tralian Steamship Co. Steamer
"Kenmure Castle" will be despatched as above on SUNDAY. the 20th Instant, at Daylight. For Freight or Passage, apply to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Sailing Vessels.

Hongkong, March 2, 1881.

FOR NEW YORK. The A 1 British Bark Chowley, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

Hongkong, February 28, 1881. FOR NEW YORK.

RUSSELL & Co.

The A 1 American Ship Gov. Goodwin,
Lester, Master, will load here
for the above Port, and will have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

Hongkong, February 22, 1881.

LE CERCLE-TRANSPORTS. SOCIETÉ ANONYME D'ASSURANCES

OAPITAL PAID-UP, 3,750,000 THE Undersigned having been appointed AGENTS of the above Company, are

RISKS to all ports of the World. ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation are

Policies at current rates, payable either here, in London or at the principal Ports of India, China and Australia.

current rates. A discount of 20 % allowed. Life Department. Policies issued for sums not exceeding

COMPANY, LIMITED. HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

DIVIDEND PAID TO SHARE-

of their Contributions. Contributory Dividends are PAYABLE TO ALL CONTRIBUTORS OF BUSI-

NESS WHETHER THEY ARE SHARE-HOLDERS OR NOT. B. GOLDSMITH,

> LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant POLICIES against the Risk of FIRE on Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on Goods on board Vessels and on Hulls of Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms and Conditions.

ceived, and transmitted to the Directors for their decision. If required, protection will be granted on first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY. THE Undersigned, Agents for the above. 1 Company, are prepared to grant In-

MELCHERS & Co., Agents, Royal Insurance Company,

Shipping.

Vessels. Sailing

FOR LONDON. The 3/3 A.1.1. American Ship "State of Maine." SMALL, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co.

Hongkong, January 22, 1881. FOR LONDON AND HAMBURG. The 3/3 L.1.1: German Bark " Livingstone." STEFFENS, Master, will load here for the above Ports, and will

For Freight, apply to

FOR NEW YORK. The 3/3 L.1.1. German Bark "Papa," BANNAU, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will

For Freight, apply to VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, January 26, 1881.

have quick despatch. For Freight, apply to

VOGEL & Co.

MARITIMES, MARSEILLE. CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED, ... 15,000,000 Francs.

prepared to grant POLICIES on MARINE

Fire Department.

HGLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Position of the Company at the close of the last financial year, the 30th April, 1880.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be re-

For Rates of Premiums, forms of pro-posals or any other information, apply to

Agents, Hongkong & Canton.

VOGEL & Co.

Hengkong, October 27, 1874.

have quick despatch. VOGEL & Co. Hongkong, February 7,-1881.

have quick despatch.

FOR LONDON. The 3/3 L.1.1. German Ship " Urania." MOISEN, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER OF His Majesty King George The First,

Marine Department.

£5,000 at reduced rates.

CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE

HOLDERS......20 % per Annum. DIVIDEND PAID TO ALL CONTRIBUTORS OF BUSINESS, 25 % on the amount THE Company grants Policies on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World, payable at any of its Agencies.

Acting Secretary.

CAPITAL, TWO MILLIONS STEELING.

Hongkong, January 4, 1867.

Hongkong, January 3, 1881.

Insurances.

Hongkong, Sept. 25, 1880.

prepared to grant Insurances as follows:-

Policies issued for long or short periods at

Hongkong, July 25, 1872.

Hongkong, August 18, 1880.

(FIRE AND LIFE.)

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.,

Burances at current rates.

To DEPART.

and Rev. H. Evington; for Brindisi, Mrs.

Hayllar; for Venice, Mr Stein - From

Erdmann and native servant, Mr Nelson,

Per Kang-chi, for Shanghai, 12 Chinese.

SHIPPING REPORTS.

to New Caledonia; thence variable winds to

the Equator; thence moderate N.E. trades

Channel with strong monsoon and thick

The British steamer Sucz reports: Ligh

POST OFFICE NOTICES.

Per China, at 9 a.m. To-morrow, the 6th

Per Kang-thi, at 9 a.m. To-morrow, the

Per S. S. Gwalior, on Sunday, the 6th

instant. Registry ceases at 8.45

a.m. Mail closes at 9 a.m. Late

Letters received from 9.10 to 9.30

a.m. with 10 cents Late Fee. Paid

inst., instead of as previously noti-

N.E. winds and thick weather.

MAILS will close:-

the 8th March.

8th inst.

the 8th inst.

the 10th inst.

Australian Colonies.

Gibraltar.

Packet :-

Day of Departure,-

the Mails, &c.

For SAIGON .-

For STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.—

Per Atalanta, at 4.30 p.m., on Tuesday,

FOR PORT DARWIN THERSDAY IS

LAND, COOKTOWN, TOWNSVIL

LE, SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, &c.

Per Menmuir, at 3.30 p.m., on Thursday,

The British Contract Packet Khiva

will be despatched on MONDAY,

the 7th March; with Mails to and

through the United Kingdom and

Europe vid Brindisi: to the Straits

Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon,

India, Aden, Egypt, Malta, and Gib-

N.B .- This Packet carries no mails for the

The French Contract Packet Yangtst

will be despatched on MONDAY

the 14th March, with Mails to and

through the United Kingdom and

Europe, vid Naples; to Saigon, Straits

Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon,

India (vià Madras), the Australasian

Colonies, Aden, Egypt, Malta, and

The usual hours will be observed in closing

HOURS OF CLOSING

THE ENGLISH MAIL.

The following hours are observed in closing

Noon. - Money Order Office closes .-

2 P.M.—Registry of Letters ceases

3.10 r.m.-Letters may be posted with

3.30 P.M. - When the Post Office closes

3.40 P.M.-Late Letters may be posted

General Memoranda.

Daylight .- Hailoong leaves for Holhow

Application for Shares of H.K. & W pos

4 p.m.-Hungarian leaves for Port Dar-

Limited, at No. 14, Praya Central.

Noon.-Auction of Sundries at H. M.

Goods per Saghalien undelivered after

3.30 p.m. Meeting of Members of the

4 p.m. - Menmuir leaves for Sydney and

Goods per Arratoon Apear undelivered

3 p.m. Meeting of Shareholders of the

Noon. -- French Mail leaves for Ports of

Daylight .- Kenmure Castle leaves for

Noon. -Auction of River Steamer Kin-

China Sugar Refining Co., Ltd., at the

after this date subject to rent.

Hongkong General Chamber of Com-

of the Company, until Noon.

win. Cooktown, &c.

WEDNESDAY, March 9:-

THURSDAY, March 10:-

FRIDAY, March 11:-

Call and Europe.

SATURDAY, April 30 :-

SUNDAY, March 20 :-

Provisions for French Navy.

merce at the City Hall.

office of General Agenta

Sydney and Melbourne.

skan on board the steamer.

Naval Yard.

Dock Co., Ltd., received at the office

departure.

FUESDAY: March 8:-

and Pakhoi.

Late Fee of 10 cents until

on board the packet with Late

Fee of 10 cents until time of

and patterns ceases.

Mails, &c., by the British Contract

MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET.

MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET.

to Bashes Channel. Crossed the Formos

peans, and 150 Chinese.

toggy weather.

ther to port.

Per Khiva, from Hongkong: for South-

For Sale.

WHERE YOU CAN BUY

Superior California LAMB'S WOO! BLANKETS. SARATOGA TRUNKS. TRAVELLING BAGS and SATCHELS. AGATE COOKING UTENSILS. THE AMERICAN BROILER. TURNBULL'S FAMILY SCALES, TOBACCO SHAVES.

AMERICAN and CHUBB's LOCKS. HOUSE GONGS. SMOOTHING IRONS. LEMON SQUEEZERS. MOUSE TRAPS.

BILLIARD CUE TIPS and CHALK. PANUS CORIUM for BOOTS. American AXES and HATCHETS. LIFE BUOYS. ROCKETS and BLUE LIGHTS.

DOUGLAS' OFFICE CHAIRS. COPPER WIRE GAUZE. WAFFLE IRONS. GLIDIRONS.

FIRE GRATES. American SOFT FELT HATS.

STATIONERY FOR LADIES AND OFFICE USE,

Best and Cheapest Hongkong.

INSTRUCTIVE AND AMUSING.

Large Assortment of FRENCH NOVELS.

TAUCHNITZ'S POPULAR EDITION OF STANDAR

WORKS, &c. WORKS of REFERENCE.

ALMANACKS. DIARIES. SCHOOL BOOKS. GLEIG'S SCHOOL SERIES PRESENTATION BOOKS.

RODGEB'S CUTLERY. ELECTRO-PLATED WARE

WEBLEY AND SONS' London-made SPORT-ING GUNS.

BUSSEY'S PATENT PNEUMATIC GUN. SELF-SHOT-EXTRACTING REVOLVERS. THE PATENT BOTTLE CLIP. TABLE GLASSWARE. EARTHENWARE.

THE FINEST STOCK OF CAVITE, FORTIN, and

CIGARS, and CHEROOTS. All Specially Selected.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN GROOERIES.

FRESH SUPPLIES RECEIVED BY EVERY

SMYRNA FIGS. CRYSTALIZED CHERRIES FAHN'S FAVORITE BISCUITS STILTON CHEESE.

FRENCH PLUMS. Calcutta BEEF.

HUMPS. ROUNDS. BRISKETS, and

TONGUES. California ROLL BUTTER.

APPLE BUTTER. CLAM CHOWDER. FISH CHOWDER.

Soused PIG'S FEET. Soused SHEEP'S TONGUES. Pickled LAMB'S TONGUES.

Gruyere CHEESE. New York CREAM CHEESE.

CAVIARE Curried OYSTERS.

California CRACKER Co.'s BISCUITS Oracked WHEAT,

HOMINY.

PATE DE FOIE GRAS. RICHARDSON AND ROBBIN'S Potted MEATS. Lunch TONGUE.

PRESENT TEA in 5 and 10 Catty Boxes.

WINES and SPIRITS of all Descriptions. BAIL-MAKING executed on the Premises.

Macewen, frickel & co. Hongkong, January 28, 1881.

Intimations.

THIS HAIR WASH has been prepared by us for the last 20 years. Its sale is steadily increasing in India, the Straits and Japan. It possesses all the qualities of a Hair Oil or Pomade without their stickiness. It induces a healthy action of the scalp and nourishes the Hair. Dandruff never appears whilst it is in use. It contains none but the best ingredients, and



LAOU-TI-KEE HAIR WASH

An unique and olegant appoidage to the Toilet. combining in itself the properties of a Hair Grease, Wash, and A

Restorer.

LLEWELLYN & CO. Chemists, de., SHANGHAI.

DIRECTIONS. A small portion to be poured upon the Head, and to be rubbed into the roots of the Hair. No Pomade required.

From its great nourishing power on the follicles it may in time cause Hair to return to its natural color; it, however, does not contain a-particle of any dyeing ingredient. Using it constantly will most certainly prevent the Hair falling. It is cleanly in use, the smallest quantity sufficing. It has no sediment, and therefore requires no shaking.

Shanahai. Hongkong Agents: LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

J. LLEWELLYN & Co.,

Insurances.

MANCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1824. Capital of the Company £1,000,000 Sterling

of which is paid up £ 100,000 Reserve Fund upwards of £ 120,000 2 250,000 Annual Income

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai, and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates. HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, October 15, 1868. NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE

INSURANCE COMPANY. Incorporated by Royal Charter and

Special Acts of Parliament. ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL,... ...£2,000,000. THE Undersigned, Agents at Hongkong for the above Company; are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE, to the extent of £10,000 on any Building, or on Merchandise in the same, at the usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20 per

> GILMAN & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, July 6, 1875. THE INTERNATIONAL MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED OF LIVERPOOL. THE Undersigned having been appointed

AGENTS of the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World. ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co. Hongkong, Nov. 27, 1880.

To-day's Advertisements

NOTICE.

FOR PORT DARWIN, COOKTOWN, SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE (Calling at QUEENSLAND PORTS if sufficient inducements offer), and Taking Cargo and Passengers at through rates for all AUSTRALIAN and NEW ZEALAND PORTS.

The Steamship " Hungarian." Capt. H. Wise, will despatched as above TUESDAY, the 8th Instant, at 4 p.m., instead of as previously notified. The Steamer has splendid Cabin accom-

modation. For Freight or Passage, apply to GEO. R. STEVENS & Co. Hongkong, March 5, 1881.

FOR AMOY. The Steamship "Esmeralda." Captain Talbor, shortly due, will have immediate

despatch for the above Port. For Freight or Passage, apply to RUSSELL & Co. Hongkong, March 5, 1881.

To-day's Advertisements. ampton, Deputy Inspector General T. J. Breen, Master Cowdercy and native servt.,

FOR MANILA. The Spanish Steamer

" Panay." Capt. Govennches, will above Port on MONDAY, the 7th Inst., at Noon, instead of as previously advertised. For Freight or Passage, apply to REMEDIOS & Co.

Hongkong, March 5, 1881. FROM CALOUTTA, PENANG AND

SINGAPORE. THE Steamship Suez having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods. Cargo impeding the discharge will be at

once landed and stored, at Consignees' risk and expense. JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. Hongkong, March 5, 1881.

THE STEAMSHIP "ARRATOON APCAR," Captain A. B. MACTAVISH, FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

IIIHE above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their. Goods from alongaide."

.Cargo impeding her discharge or remaining on board after the 10th Inst., will be For SHANGHAL .landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense, and no Fire Insurance will be Consignees are hereby informed that any

Claims must be made immediately, as

none will be entertained after the 12th DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.,

Hongkong, March 5, 1881.

Not Responsible for Debts. A Terther the Captain, the Agents, nor Owners will be Responsible for For MANILA. any Debt contracted by the Officers or Crew of the following Vessels, during

their stay in Honghong Harbour: OLOSAGO, German schooner, Captain Schlüter, Siemssen & Co. Gov. Goodwin, American ship, Captain William Lester. - Messageries Maritimes.

CARL RITTER, German barque, Captain For YOKOHAMA via NAGASAKI.-H. Jäger.—Wieler & Co. TA LEE, German barque, Captain C. Stolze.—Siemssen & Co. CALCUTTA, American ship, Capt. Smith.

R. R. Thomas, American ship, Capt. P. B. Nichols.—Order. NAPLES, British steamer, Captain C. White. - Jardine, Matheson & Co.

AMETHYST, American barque, Captain J. Slocum.—Captain. CLAVERHOUSE, British steamer, Capt. J. Brown.—Geo, R. Stevens & Co.

Prospector, British barque, Captain W. Anthony. Eduard Schollhass & Co. Suzz, British steamer, Captain John D. Eaton. - Jardine, Matheson & Co. RACHEL, British barque, Capt. Rafflech. -Geo. R. Stevens & Co.

SHIPPING.

March 4. Crusader, British steamer, 647.

ARRIVALS.

Rowin, Saigon Feb. 27, General. - Gro. R. March 5, Sunda, British steamer, 1029. J. Reeves, Yokohama Feb. 25, Hiogo, and Nagasaki, Mails and General.-P. & O.

March 5, Hwai Yuen, Chinese steamer, 984, Wilson, Shanghai March 1, General. -C. M. S. N. Co.

March 5, Æolus, Spanish steamer, 343. F. G. de Aldeiva, Manila March 1, General -RUSSELL & Co. March 5, Rachel, British barque, 282,

Rafflech, Newcastle (N.S. W.) Jan. 14, Coal. -GEO. R. STEVENS & Co. March 5, Suez, British steamer, 1390. John D. Eaton, Calcutta Feb. 17, Penang

24, and Singapore 27, General. - JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. March 5, Arratoon Apear, British str., 1392, Mactavish, Calcutta Feb. 17, Sand Heads 18, Penang 24, and Singapore 27, General.—David Sassoon, Sons & Co.

March 5, Khiva, British steamer, 1506, T. J. Alderton, Shanghai March 2, Mails and General.—P. & O. S. N. Co.

DEPARTURES. Mch. 5, Niigata Maru, for Kobe, etc. 5, Albay, for Amoy, etc. , Cleveland, for Kelung . Chinkiang, for Canton, 5, Urania, for London.

CLEARED. Tung Ting, for Swatow, 27no81 China, for Shanghai. Ta-Lee, for Tientsin. Papa, for New York. Kang-chi, for Shanghai. Haeshin, for Newcastle. Hwai Yuen, for Canton,

Namoa, for Coast Ports.

PASSENGERS. ARRIVED.

Per Sunda, from Yokohama, etc., Judge de Roza, Messrs McCarthy, Dare, F. Elgar, A. Stein, F. Walters, Ah Wing, Mr and Mrs Charleston and 3 children, 1 Distressed Seaman, 13 Chinese, 1 Japanese, and 7 children on decki

Per Hwai Yuen, from Shanghai, Mr Blackmore, and 99 Chinese. Per Edus, from Manila, Messra J. Fil Abramo, and Sara. Per Suez, from Calcutta, etc., Messra J. A. Koosen, and A. B. de Farges.

Per Arratoon Apoar, from Calcutta, etc., Mrs Nathan and maid servant, Rev. J. Colvine Mesers W. G. Beattie, J. Kooschhand, N. N. J. Ezra, S. E. Ezra, M. C. mr8 Moses, 212 Chinese, and 14 Natives. Per Khiva, from Shanghai: for Southampton, Messrs G. N. Vincent and C. W. Everard, Mr and Mrs P. H. King: for Monday, March 14:-Hongkong, Messrs C. C. Coleman, C. M. Stewart, H. Santley, Mrs Hintz, 6 Seamen, 13 Chinese and 3 boys.

DEPARTED. Per Niigata Maru, for Kobe, etc., Mesers Moore and Lewis, and 18 Steerage. Per Albay, for Amoy, etc., 12 Chinese.

Per Orusader, from Saigon, 20 Chinese.

MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW. Shipping.

Daylight, -Namoa leaves for Coast Ports. Goods per Fleurs Castle undelivered after this date subject to rent.

Shanghai: for Southampton, Mr and Mrs P. H. King, Messrs C. W. Everard, and G. RELIGIOUS SERVICES :-N. Vincent.-From Yokohama: for South-

ampton, Me and Mrs Charleston and 2 children. ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL -- Roy. W. Jonrings, M. A. Colonial Chaplain. Service 11, Evening 5.45 (a short sorvice). Per Gwalier, for Shanghai : from Hongkong, Mr and Mrs Jackson, child and native Holy Communion every Sunday, except servant, Mr and Mrs Lind, Mr and Mrs | the 2nd and 4th in the month.

Military Service. - Rev. C. Gilbert Booth, B.A., Military Chaplain. Parado Servico and Mr Kerfoot Hughes; from Brindisi, at 8 A.M. Holy Communion on the second Messra Hollman; from Suez, Messra W. and and fourth Sundays at the conclusion of F. Culbertson; from Calcutta, Mr E. Scanthe Parade Service. [A Voluntary Service is held in the Garrison Theatre at 7.45 Per Hwai Yuen, for Canton, 80 Chinese.

Per Namoa, for Coast Ports, 10 Euro-Union Church.-Morning Service, 11 A.M., Evening at 5 P.M.—Divine Service in Chinese, 2-3 P.M. every Surday, with communion on first Sunday of every month, -Rev. Dr. Chalmers. The British barque Rachel reports : Left ST. PETER'S CHUBOH, for SEAMEN, &c. Newcastle (N.S.W.) with strong S.E. breeze

Rev. C. Gilbert Booth, B.A., Chaplain. Service at 5 P.M. Holy Communion after Service on the third Sunday in each month All the Seats are free. LONDON MISSION CHAPEL, Queen's Road

Easterly winds from Singapore with northerly current till 50 miles from Gap Rock ; thence strong easterly winds and thick wea-Services in Chinese.) Morning Prayer :--The British steamer Arratoon Apcar re-Litany, Ante-Communion, and Sermon, at ports: Experienced light winds and fine 11 A.M. Bible Class, at 3 P.M. Preaching weather to 18 North Lat.; thence strong at 6.30 P.M. Holy Communion, 1st Sunday

in Chinese month.

the German language, by Paster E. Klitzke, every Sunday, at half-past ten A.M., in the Chapel of the Berlin Foundling House, St. Joseph's Church, Garden Road. A.M. Mass and Sermon. 6 P.M. Evening

BERLIN FOUNDLING HOUSE. Service

Service, Benediction. MEMOS. FOR MONDAY.

Shipping. Noon,-Paney leaves for Manila. 1 p.m. - Deucation leaves for Manila. 3 D.m. -- Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co. Steamer leaves for Yokohama and San

Correspondence may then be posted in the moveable box on board the Francisco. packet. The Post Office will be 4 p.m. - English Mail leaves for Ports o open from 8 a.m. on Sunday. Call and Europe. 4 p.m. - Diamante leaves for Manila. Por Panay, at 11_a.m., on Monday, the 7th inst., instead of as previously

Per Deucation, at noon, on Monday, the HONGKONG DISPENSARY Per Diamante, at 3.30 p.m., on Monday, Established A.D. 1841. the 7th inst., instead of as previously

香港大藥房 A. S. WATSON & Co., Per Sunda, at 11.30 a.m., on Tuesday, FAMILY & DISPENSING CHEMIST WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS, Per Vortigern, at 2 p.m., on Tuesday, the

IMPORTERS ____ DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES, NURSERY REQUI SITES, TOILET REQUISITES, ENGLISH, AMERICAN, AND FRENCH PATENT.

MEDICINES. MANUFACTURERS

Soda Water, Lemonade, Tonic Water, Gingerade, Potass Water, Sarsaparilla Water, and other Acrated Waters. The Manufactory is under direct an continuous European Supervision. Hongkong, June 1, 1876.

Passengers arriving in Hongkong, or any other persons who may desire to consult the files of local, China, Japan, American, English, Indian or Austra lian newspapers, are invited to call at the "CHINA MAIL" Office, where over sixty newspapers, dailies and weeklies, from these countries, are now filed for reference.

MARRIAGE. At the Cathedral, Shanghai, on the 26t February, by the Right Rev. Bishop Moule PAUL HENRY KING, I.M. Customs, to MAR-GARET ALICE, only Daughter of the Rev. Alexander Williamson, LL.D., of Chefoo.

DEATH. On 19th February, at the residence of Dr White, Chinkiang, of acute bronchitis, WIL-LIAM HENRY WILLIAMS, aged 2 years and 10 months, only Son of Rossets, relict of William Henry Williams, of Dublin .-Home papers please copy.

Posting of all printed matter The publication of this issue commenced 3 P.M.-Mails closed, except for Late at 8,55 p.m.

The China Ifinil.

HONGKONG, BATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1881.

at present exist as to the movements in the Civil Service here that must take place within the next few months. Prohably the most important are those departure of the Chief Justice and the next. suspension of Mr Rigistrar Gibbons. Mr James Russell is Aus here, we be- THE S. S. Oceanic, with mails ste., from difficult solo from the "Pirates of Pen 10.30 a.m. - Meeting of Shareholders of has been rumoured that Mr Wodehouse The Hongkong & Whampoa Dock Co., comes out as a Police Magistrate and Coroner, in place of the late Hon. C. B. Plunket; but as the Registrar-General- VICE-ADMIRAL Willes, C.B., who comes here there may be no substantial foundation on the 26th ult. for this surmise concerning the Magisonly causing great inconvenience, but is cerned as to the prompt and orderly pressure of local matter upon our space. conduct of judicial matters in the superior Courts. Mr Mossop, who was gazetted during the "deadlook" officer acting as Registrar, lisa for some sibilities which may at any time clush with those of the acting Registrar, Indeed, if he does not now serve summonses upon himself to show cause why certain dreadful things should not be done to him, he may at any time be contains several appreciative notices in recompelled to request himself to tax his ference to the sad death, while bathing in

informed that he is up at the Magistracy defending a prisoner, the sensation must be not a little peculiar and we should think almost without precedent. For this state of things we have reason to believe Mr Mossop is entirely free from blame. The Executive is slow to do anything here, and the approved method of overcoming difficulties now-a-days appears to be prograstination. Putting off the evil day, is the chronic condition of matters, official at the present time; and, like the man who argued that the most puzzling correspondence generally answered itself if pigeon-holed long enough, the administration of this Colony is being conducted upon closely analagous prin-

MANY of our readers will readily recall to memory the frequent references that have been made in these columns during the last decade to the necessity for H. R. H. the Duke of Genoa has been West.-Hongkong Christian Association the erection of a Public Market for the Service for Seamen, Sunday and Thursday, | central part of the city. For years before the Registrar General's office was vacated St. Stephen's Mission Church.-Rev. by Mr C. C. Smith, the usual report was Grundy, and Rev. Lo Sam Yuen. (All made every year of the unsuitability and Duke attended the Miholoong Ball on 25th ervices in Chinese.) Morning Prayer:— disgraceful condition of the Central Feb.; and the Mercury thus moralises upon Market. Spacious public markets were the incident :provided for nearly every suburb of the city; but the rickety old eyesore in the the terpsichorean amusement, and we could centre of Queen's Road, whence issues | not help wondering what a Chinese Prince the bulk of the family provisions con- would think if he saw a member of the sumed by the foreign community, has oldest reigning family of Europe dancing hitherto been permitted to remain in its like anybody else. Of course, we know original dilapidation and state of filth. he would think that is only "barbarian" fashion; but if he could comprehend that No foreigner who takes the trouble to the son of a King lost no dignity in the yenture into the Central Market during eyes of these western barbarians, whom he the busy traffic will be inclined to do knows could annihilate his dynasty, which so again; and few will dare to question is a thing of yesterday compared to the that the Market, as a public building, is House of Savoy, he would doubtless be a disgrace to a Colony like Hongkong. It need not, however, cause much astonishment, that, when every other public. THIBAUT, in his excellent work on "Purity work in the Colony is as yet awaiting attention, when water is being paid for by taxpayers and not supplied to them, or rather when residents are actually clously chosen, that genuine lovers of art refusing to pay their rates because they combine together, that care is taken to secan get no water, and when Fire Insurance Directors call public attention to the gravity of the present lack of water for fires, - the highly desirable improvement involved in the reconstruction of ments, and all the members must feel that a clean and commodious Public Market an association that requires their united is included in the general inaction. At efforts to form and maintain must not be at the same time, it is rather surprising the mercy of other ordinary pleasures, esthat, when buildings are being renewed pecially as; while in other gatherings the all round the present dirty shed used as bring the whole thing to a deadlock, and a Market in the centre of the town, the this even in choruses, where a single off Government should still place obstacles cient voice may be an indispensable support in the way of this much-to-be-desired improvement. It is understood that a proposition, to make a lane from the Praya to the Queen's Road close to the eastern side of the Market, has been tion performed yesterday (25th), and we under the consideration of the Executive understand she is progressing favourably. for the last four or five months. Her case has engaged the attention of se-So far as we can understand, the offer veral of our medical practitioners. We is one which would greatly conduce to hope this favourite prima donna of Shangthe benefit of the Market, in the event of its being rebuilt. It stands to reason by her fine voice, prepossessing appearance. that, as the public market will be open on three sides, instead of two, the lune must prove a benefit to all concerned. But notwithstanding this opporent advantage, and that the property-owner last night in the Recreation Room of the adjoining the Central Market has offered, for a consideration, to give up half R. A. Barracks by members of the Choral Government has placed every difficulty in the way. The chief obstacle seems, indeed to be that presented by the reconstruction of the Market although one would naturally suppose that Governor anxious to advance the terests of the Colony and promote its material development, would seize such opportunities to further the public wel-

fare. We have not heard whether the proposition has yet been agreed to; but at a meeting of the Finance Committee of the Council the other day the suggestion was almost unanimously approved by that body. Any use of any part of the surplus now accumulating, however, is se unpalatable to the Governor, that the idea of reconstructing the Market may prove fatal to the

-Shanghai Mercury.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

scheme now proposed.

to arrive, by the O. & O. Str. Oceanic on or about the 12th March. The next French Mail may be expected to arrive here by the M. M. steamer, on or about the 13th inst., Sunday next.

The next AMERICAN MAIL may be expected

WE are informed by the Agent of the E. E. A. and China Telegraph Co., that the next French mail steamer leaves Singapore at and Violin, sundry instruments of rare and CONSIDERABLE doubt and uncertainty daylight to-morrow (Sunday). wondrous tone were introduced and did

great execution, causing considerable mer DEPUTY Inspector General Breen, it will riment among the audience. be seen from the list of those "to depart," rendered necessary by the approaching | goes home by the English mail on Monday menced with a well-executed quintette fron

lieve, early in May: and Mr H. E. San Francisco to the 8th ultimo, has arrived zance sung in wonderfully good styl Wodehouse at about the same time. It at Yokohama, and will sail for this port by Master Hall, and most warmly ap to-morrow (6th).

ship was formerly assigned by common to succeed Admiral Coote, arrived at Singa-Noon, subject to rent and landing report to Mr Wodehouse some time ago, pore from Calcutta by the Arratoon Apcar

3 p.m. Tenders for supply of Stores and tracy. The delay in the appointment THROUGH the courtesy of the Captain and of an officer to discharge the daties of officers of the Sues and Arratoon Appear Registrar of the Supreme Court is not we are in receipt of late and full Calcutta undoubtedly tending to increase (if such files, our cuttings from which, however, were possible) the doubts of all con- we are compelled to hold over through

> THE Shanghai Mercury states that some changes in the L. M. Customs staff will time been partner in a solicitors firm, shortly take place. M. Le Viscomte d'Arand consequently has assumed respon- nour goes to Canton as Deputy Commis sioner; and Dr. Macgowan goes to Wen-

> > THE Siam Weekly Advertiser of 19th Feb

own costs in any suit heard in the the Chow Phys. River, of Miss Mary M. Supreme Court! Besides, when mem- Campbell, of the American Presbyterian bers of the legal profession engage in a Mission of Chiengmai. Her death seems hunt for the Registrar, and are coolly to have caused great and general regret in Siam, as deceased was a lady who had endeared herself to all. She was only twentytwo years of age.

A competition for a subscription silver cup, took place to-day at the Kowloon Rifle Range with Martini Henry Rifles. in which nineteen members of the Police Force took part. Distance 200, 500, and 600 yards. A strong wind was blowing from the right rear. Inspector Cameron handicapped the competitors to the extent shown by the figures bracketted. We give names and scores of the successful candi-

200yds, 500yds, 600yds, Total, W. Quincey, 12 21

exchanging visits with the Shanghai native officials, and entertaining the Consular Body. The Vettor Pisani has gone into dock. The

The Duke of Genoa took his full share of

in Musical Art," says :-The first and most essential condition for choral societies, is that members are judicure an equal distribution of voices, and to nourish to the full the love and enjoyment of true art. Consequently, an evening devoted to singing must take precedence of all ordinary eating and drinking engage-

SIGNORA Rosa Genclini, who was suffering from an injury to her foot, had an operahai will shortly be able to resume her procultivated vocalism, and histrionic capacity.

A VOCAL and instrumental concert was given

of the space for the proposed lane, the Society. The object of the entertainment was to raise funds to purchase books for the use of the invalids on the Army Hospital ship Meanes, and judging by the large attendance in the room, a fair sum must have been obtained from the proceeds to devote to that purpose. The programme was a full one, and although not strictly adhered to throughout, the audience were by no means losers by the alterations made. The opening Pianoforte duet was well performed by two lady members of the Choral Society, and was followed by a vocal duet "When little farm we keep," most amusingly rendered by Masters Hall and Grimble. bringing forth a hearty encore, which was responded to by the youthful vocalists with another verse of the duet. Mr Dunman favored with the well-known beautiful some "The Thorn" and was deservedly wall received. The next song, "Good night" (Balfe) was sung by a lady member of the Choral Society who is always sure to be greeted with applause, and in response to an encore, sang another very sweet ballad. This was followed by a chorus from the "Sorcerer" (Sullivan) in which all the performers joined. After a short intervaa novelty was introduced in the "Toy Sym phony" in which, in addition to the Pian-

> the "Sorcerer" and was followed by a mos plauded and encored. The sparkling due "Oh! that we two were Maying," by favourite lady vocalist and Mr Dunman was a great success and was really a fin piece of part singing. The next song or the programme "Tell me my heart" (Bi shop), sung by the same lady as sang ... (loo night" in the first part, was probably th gern of the evening and of itself would have well repaid a visit to the Barracks las night; and in answer to repeated encores the audience were treated to the pretty balled "Sing sweet bird" (Ganz). A comi song followed which was most laughable executed by Mr A. de Saavedra which evoked an encore and was followed by an other eccentric melody by the same clave carleaturist. The trio Fathurs we brilliantly executed by three members the Society, including Master Fixle and the evening's entertainment was brought to

close with a comic chorus in which all the

performers of the evening took park

The second part of the programme com

of the evening by his able performance at the Piano, direction of the choruses, dra The Rev. Mr Booth, at the conclusion of the entertainment, thanked Mrs Hall for the trouble she had taken in arranging for the evening's amusement, and also all those who had so kindly given their services and led to the success of the enterprise.

SAYS the Shanghai Courier of the 28th Fo bruary :--

H.M.S. Encounter is under orders to proceed to Hongkong, and she will take her departure from Shanghai to-morrow. We hear that it is likely the vessel will then proceed to the West Coast of Africa, where she will be held in readiness to take part in the impending war in Ashantee, change of locality will be rather a sudden and severe one, but if events turn out as expected, the crow of the Encounter will have an opportunity of adding to the laurels which many of them have carned in previous engagements .- H.M.S. Champion, which was on her way to China, has also received orders to repair to the West Coast of Africa, in view of threatened disturbances on the Gold Coast.

WITH reference to the case of Regina v. Page at Canton, the Shanghai Courier says :-

As he has been acquitted there can be no appeal to the Privy Council on the question of jurisdiction, which can only be raised now by a civil suit; and we understand that a suit will shortly be commenced against Mr Hewlett, the Consul at Canton, in order to obtain a decision of the highest tribunal. The question involved is of the greatest importance both to the Chinese government and to Englishmen in its service.

THE death is announced in the papers to hand by the French Mail of Major-General Annesley Knox-Gore, of the Madras Staff Corps, at the age of sixty-five. Deceased was stationed at Hongkong some fourteen years ago. He was the fourthmoon of the late Sir John Knox-Gore, who was M.P. in the last Irish Parliament for Taghmore county Wexford, and was born in the year 1815. He entered the Army in 1835, ob tained a lieutenancy in the following year was promoted to a captaincy in 1847, and became major in 1860. His subsequent promotions were-lieutenant-colonel, 1861; colonel, 1866; and major-general, 1877. He served at Ungool in 1847-48, and was some time in command of the Upper Burmah Division.

Among the exhibits from Western Australia in the Melbourne Exhibition, is an oil painting by Mr Henry C. Prinsep, Perth, entitled "a Tale of the Southern representing the heroism of Mrs in steering the German schooner Moorburg through a gale in the Pacific when the crew were dead and the mate and Captain Boldt, her husband, were unable to take any part in managing the vessel The Moorburg it may be remembered. wrecked in September last near Gaspar Island, when on a voyage from Western Australia to Hongkong laden with Sandalwood. The Western Australians presented Mrs Boldt with a testimonial, our late Governor, Sir William Robinson, presiding a most unwise measure to make that Ordinon the occasion .- Straits Times.

THE Penang correspondent of the Straits paper, writing on 6th ultimo, says :-

The Court of Enquiry into the case of the 7th, and brought them to a close on the afternoon of Saturday last, the 12th inst. They found the Captain and Engineer guilty of misconduct in abandoning and deserting their ship on the high seas, and cancelled their certificates of competency As, however, criminal proceedings are to commenced, and the matter therefore being still sub judice, I refrain from comment for the present.

Police Intelligence. (Before the Hon. M. S. Tonnochy. Act Police Magistrate.)

Saturday, March 5.

DRUNK AND DISORDERLY. Samuel Edgar, 47, scaman, was charged with being drunk and disorderly in Upper formed it of the Man Wo Sang Company Lascar How, on the 4th inst. Evidence (Limited). He dealt with the law of the was given by P.C. 614, to the effect that case, quoting from various authorities defendant was running about from shop to Partnership, and coming back to the facts shop taking things from one and another, of the case said that he could not help resuch as oranges and sugar cane, and was marking, from what had appeared in the generally annoying the people in the street. evidence, that it seemed to him that Ban Defendant admitted being very drunks and Hap had behaved most honourably throughhaving been in gaol before for the same offence, and was fined \$5, with the alternative of one month's imprisonment with hard labour.

ENTERING A HOUSE FOR AN UNLAWFUL

with entering the house of Cheung Atai, a coolie, for an unlawful purpose on the 5th able by such a suit. Applying the decisions inst. The complainant lives at No. 10 Gap | he had quoted, he held that Ban Hap was Street, and defendant was found by him in a trustee for the subscribers. He did not his house at about 4 o'clock in the morning say, however, that he was bound to manage and was unable to give a satisfactory the business according to the whim and caaccount of himself. Five previous convictorice of these by whom the money was tions for larceny and other offences were subscribed, but in a way which was approvproved against the prisoner, and he was sentenced to be imprisoned for six months with hard labour.

PETTY LABCENY.

Li Afui. 22. coolie, was sentanced to be imprisoned for one month, the first and last fourteen days in solitary confinement, and the remainder with hard labour, for stealing a kerosene lamp, value 30 cents, the property of Lai Awo, on the 4th instant:

LAND SHARKS.

Lan Akwong, 16, shop coolie, Chan Ai,

18. and Su Anui. 21, shoemakers, appeared

other seamen out of employ appeared to have been lodging at the house of first defendant for some time, paying him five cents a night for lodging. Last night complainant went to the house and was saked by the first defendant for the five cents. Complainant paid the money a little the worse for drink. About ten had all been in flagrante delicto. minutes afterwards the first defendant, thinking complainant would have forgotten having paid him, made a second application for the five cents. Complainant told him

first defendant picked up a piece of wood, and struck complainant upon the head and of the house by them. First defendant was sentenced to be imprisoned for two months with hard labour, and the second and third prisoners were sent to Gaol for one month with hard labour.

TOLUNTARY PRISONERS. to seamen, were charged with wilfully He also concurred with him in thinking served.

Mr F. Panizza added much to the success | breaking a lamp at the City Hall on the | that the facts were quite conclusive against 4th inst. The two defendants were deser- the plaintiffs. Concurring with him in the ters from the Sea Gull and stated that they main in his reasoning, he did not think it had had nothing to eat for forty-eight hours. was desirable that he should deal with the They asked the Constable to take them to case in detail; but he would deal with the the Police Station, but as they had done general principles of the law which applied nothing he declined. Then they threw here. The first question was, Was this stones and broke the lamp, upon which contract on which suit was brought a legal their object was achieved. They were both contract which could be enforced in this sentenced to be imprisoned for two months Court. He said it was not, and quoted with hard labour.

> (Before the Hon, Ng Choy, Acting Police Magistrate).

PUBLIC GAMBLING. two months with hard labour.

SUPREME COURT. IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION. (Before the Full Court.)

THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE LESSEES OF THE OPIUM FARM .- JUDGMENT.

Saturday, March 5.

KO LEONG YUEN AND ANOR. P. NAM CHU

WAI alias BAN HAP AND ORS. In this case, to which frequent and long references have been made in our columns. judgment was given to-day by these Court. The Attorney General (Hon. E. L. O'Malley) and with him Mr J. J. Francis, appeared for the plaintiffs, instructed Mesers Brereton and Wotton. Mr T. Hayllar, Q.C., and with him Hon. Choy, appeared for the first defendants. instructed by Messrs Sharp Toller and Johnson: and for the other defendants Mr Mackean, instructed by Messrs Stephens and Holmes.

The Puisne Judge stated that he had prepared a statement of the facts of the case which was necessarily of considerable length. If the Counsel consented it might be taken

Mr Hayllar said he had no objection to its being taken as read. Counsel for the other side made no sign.

The Chief Justice said it had better be read unless all parties not only consented that it should be read, but asked. The

Registrar would road it. Mr Sangeter then read the atatement referred to and the preliminary part of the judgment which dealt with the position of parties on their coming into Court. The Puisne Judge continued the reading

when the judgment came to the opinion he had formed of the case. He remarked in the beginning that nothing was more unsuited to the habite of Chinese business. nothing more unsuited to the whole nature and form of their business than the Companies Ordinance. They did not understand it; the publicity it gave did not suit them. The objects which a similar law in England had been framed to meet did not exist here. He had always said that it was ance applicable to Chinese in this Colony. He hoped the Governor would secure permission from the Home Government to exclude these Chinese Associations from the Registrar for registration only when

they thought fit. He then went on to deal with the first praver the petition, that Ban Hap be declared a trustee for the plaintiffs and the other subscribers to the original company or combination, a question with which he dealt at some length. He remarked that Ban Hap and the other defendants had conceded almost every point that had been contended for the plaintiffs and had brought the working of the business into almost complete accord with the views of the plaintiffs themselves. A great deal had been made as to registration; their views had been met on that point. The high price paid for boiling the opium had been reduced to less than the plaintiffs had asked that it be reduced to. All these facts would have been o little or no wight, but for the fact of the formation by the particular partners who out the whole proceedings. The losses had been large, and when he entered into negotiations with the opposition to come to terms, ruin was staring the farmers in the He might say as a defence to this action, were it not dealt with on othergrounds, that the money that had been sub-Wong Kam Tai, 36, coolie, was charged scribed had been fairly lost in the business. and that therefore, it could not be recover-

ed and formally sanctioned by resolutions formally passed by a majority at the meetings of the contributors. He held that Ban Hap was proved to have used and to he now using the license for the benefit of all those who were concerned in the business. and he did not see why he should be interfered with. He held that the plaintiffs. the contract on which they sued being an illegal one, had no right whatever which they could assert or justify in a Court of Law, and that this petition should therefore difficulty almost the impossibility of dealing with these matters under the English law. He held that Ban Han was quite justified on a charge of assaulting John Allen, a in going to the Man Wo as the trustee of seaman, on the 4th instant. Complainant the plaintiffs and other persons who were with him in the venture. He should be glad to hear that the defendants again offered to give the plaintiffs shares in the new Com-

fore them. As to costs: he thought all to the first defendant, but was at the time parties should pay their own costs, as they The Chief Justice then gave his judgment He referred in the beginning to the unprecedentedly long time the case had been before special nature and such as could not arise save in a Chinese community. He quite appreciated the great difficulties all parties must have met with in endeavouring to bring within the English Law acts done an contracts made by Chinese seconding to their own habits and usages, although they were at the time living under the jurisdiction of English Law. He concurred in the statement of the facts of the case which had been carefully prepared by Mr Justice Snowden and just now read, so far as it was required for the purposes of this case.

various authorities on the point, declaring on these his opinion that every person taking part in the formation of an illegal com-

pany was liable to prosecution for

misdemeanour. All that the law allowed those to do who had paid money to others under an illegal contract was to obtain a writ for the recovery of such Ching Tong, 29, coolie, who was remand- money or of such portion of it as could be ed yesterday on a charge of public gambling traced to the defendants, such portion as at No. 6, Gilman's Bazaar, was again before had not been used in business and lost the Court. Defendant had been taken to but he could find no precedent for interest his employer at Mesers Hesse & Co.'s to And it was laid down that in asking for see if anything could be said in his favour, such relief the plaintiffs must ask for but his employer declined to interfere or nothing more than the law entitled them appear on his behalf, and defendant was if they did so it would be fatal to their claim fined 850, in default to be imprisoned for which would be dismissed. And in no case could the money so refunded be mere than the money originally subscribed, as then the Court would be assisting the plaintiffs to realise their profit from an illegal contract while all it really could do was release them from an illegal contract. His Lordship quoted decisions on these various points from various authorities. Consistently with these decisions, he said, he was of opinion that the plaintiffs had failed to make out their case: that Ban

Hap was a trustee for them in holding this license: that they were not owners with others or solely of the license or monopoly of the Opium Farm, and that under the so-called deed or contract under which they claimed, they were cutitled to no relief. Under the first clause they had failed entirely. As to the second, which asked that the agreement of March 9th should be declared null and void, prayer of the petition had occasioned by far the greater part of the evidence. negotiations concluded by Mr Ban Hap were, he believed, the best that he found he could make. They were made in the interests of those who were originally associated; he was largely interested himself, of course, too; and he had before him the highly honourable object of keeping faith with the Government. He recognised the very difficult position in which Ban Hap had been placed. He was the only man legally responsible to the Governor : he had no legal power to compel the plaintiffs or any

other of those associated with him to pro-

vide further contributions; the conduct of

Ban Hap during trying circumstances was honourable and correct; but he (the Chief Justice) could not express approval of the conduct of the plaintiffs. They appeared to him to have authorised Ban Hap to make negotiations with the other company, and when he had done so. they came to an Agreement to prevent the bargain which they had sanctioned or pretended to spection being carried into effect; and when their new proposal could not be accepted, they assumed the antagonistic position which they had maintained ever since. Ban Hap was more deeply interested than they were in making the best arrangement possible with the opposition, and there could be no doubt that the arrangement he did make was the best he could make. The third prayer of the petition was that Ban Han and the other defen-

dants be restrained by injunction from

admitting the Yan Wo into the business or

company. Considering that the agreement of February 24th was a nullity, the plaintiffs had legally no such right or interest in the matter as was here asked. He was the law relating to other combinations for moreover of opinion that the right vested in kong. If such be the case, how blessed gain in which there were more than twenty Ban Hap by the Government had not been is the task of their master! members, leaving the partners to apply to vested in others. The plaintiffs next asked I am by no means sure that the remark of each of the hatobas and jinrikisha stands that Ban Hap be removed from the manage- would not have been looked upon as a com- at almost any hour of the day, fearless! ment and a Receiver appointed. This portion pliment by other boys and parents. Several indulging to their hearts' content in this of the prayer should also be refused, for simi- people have tried to perform the task of unlawful practice. To the enquiry lar and other reasons. The fifth prayer was turning the world upside down, but have "Where are the Police I" the echo answers: that the Man Wo Sang Co. be wound up. invariably failed. It certainly was a tes- "Where?" The disturbance in Nameno-The Court was not entitled to deal with timony to ability and onergy of some order. hira the other day was, we hear, incited by this question as on the plaintiff's own show- But not only so; the boys did not take the officious persistency with which one of ing the whole of the shareholders of that the remark ill; it was not the cause of those misnamed "guardians of the peace Company were not before the Court. It was shame. Reproof might have failed to affect objected to the efforts of a native man-o' not necessary for him to determine whether | them ; but these two delicate chickens, the | war's man to indulge in a song in the public they were entitled to a final account. He tender and carefully cherished scions of an streets. The inference that may be drawn held that with regard to the registration of heroic race. "turned pale with shame" in from this is, that according to the police the first limited Company the plaintiffs were consequence of the laughter of their class- regulations, that generally privileged person not as a matter of good faith entitled to mates. What a pity the Central School has register it behind the back of the defend- not a playground where such sensitive plants ants after the way in which they had been as these could accustom themselves to such working together and the concessions and hardships! It may be asked, whether, of of arrest; whilst, in the foreign settlement so on that had been made. The Chief Jus- lads such as these, "Is life worth living?" tice called attention to the non-production " New Comer" queries the object of having one of the principal thoroughfares, without of any letter of Attorney from a principal masters if they do not manage boys; anything being done or said to prevent at Singapore for whom one claiming to be he would much rather have his boy them. his Attorney signed here. That non-pro- punished for some breach of discipline duction was fatal to the signature, and even than that the offence should remain had the Attorney held due authority. as such he was of opinion the signature to

the articles must be by the person taking up the shares. Under the last prayer in the petition, for general relief, he saw no reason for making any order under that clause the suit was dismissed. He thought it due to Ban Hap to say that he had been severely he had preserved his honour and integrity and honesty alike to the Government with whom he had the contract, to his so-called tiffs they wanted him to break with the Government: they did not help him when When he was trying to get a fair and proper way of relieving the original company from its difficulties, they suggested another mode of relieving themselves which was to break faith with the Government : and when that was not done they instituted these proceedings and they had failed, as he thought they ought to fail, in this suit. Notwithstanding all this, the company now holding the monopoly, the only legally formed company in connection with the concern, offered them shares; that is. Ban Hap and his associates offered the malcontents shares with themselves in this pros-

perous association to the value of their original contributions. In the old company a large sum of money was lost and the shares fell low. The question was not bepany or to pay them back heir money. He was not satisfied that the first and second plaintiffs had ever had this offer fairly besuggested to the defendants as men of business that they might offer the largest sum the law allowed the plaintiffs in such

CORRESPONDENCE.

PARENTAL FEELINGS. To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL."

March 5, 1881. Sin, -The readers of your morning contemporary must have been struck with silent awo when they perused the letter of an indignant "parient" in this morning's issue. To think for one moment that any Master in the Central School would tlare to separate two boys, and re-arrange the scats in any one of his classes, even if he thoughtieuch separation might be beneficial to the discipline of the class, as well as the improvement of the said boys-is almost overpowering. Just imagine with what indignation I should have received such a report as this from any of my boys-" You two Scotch boys must be separated or you will turn the world upside down." In such a case perhaps my dander would have riz, the sad result of which would probably be conveyed not to newspaper readers, for whom more interesting matter might be provided, but, well-by the effects of thorough gook spanking to the bearer of such a "namby-pamby" tale; at the same time conveying the instructive lesson that School-masters require obedience in arranging and conducting their classes,

I enclose my card. - A FOND "PARIENT

"IS IT A CRIME TO BE A JEW To the Editor of the "CHINA MAIL." Sir. The following amusing letter appeared in this morning's issue of your contemperary (the italics are mine) :-

Sin,-Being desirous to give my children good cilucation. I sent my two boys to the Go rerument Central School for the purpose. elder son and another boy, a student of the school who took him there, were sitting together in the class, but, both being of Jewish origin. one of the masters, without any cause, separated thom and made them sit at each end of the class. remarking that "he could not allow two Jewish boys to sit t gether, for they would turn the world upside down," which made all the class boys burst into laughter, and the two Jewish povs consequently turned pole with shame. May I ask what a master is for if he is not ableto manage his scholars? Are the boys of other casts quieter than Jewish boys? I wonder what animosity he has against the Jews. Is it crime to be a Jew! If he thinks so, he has ve to learn. Such proceedings ought not to tolerated in this ninoteenth contury, especially in the Government School of Her Gracious Majesty; and I hope the authorities will put a check to them. Hoping you will allow space for the insertion of the above. Inclosing my card, I

A NEW COMER. Houzkong, 4th March, 1881. take this letter, which is either a stupie joke or the display of a morbid and lament the most ordinary remarks of every-day During the fifty days journey across the life into personal sarcasms. "New Comer" can only see one far-fetched reason for the remark of the master. Surely he must when he hit upon his brilliant idea as to well taken care of. the reason for the remark and the separation. effectual means of preventing these boys and China - Courier. talking or otherwise wasting their time and so defeating "New Comer's" intention in sending his boys to the school. Although willing to believe that "'New Comer's" son is a model boy, who will behave himself like a Saint under all circumstances, it is a little too much to ask the public to believe that there are two such boys in existence, and that these two are both located in Hong-

uncommitted owing to the adoption of preventive measures. What naivete is displayed in the question-"Are the boys of casts, be the material iron, plaster or putty, crime to be a Jew ! so, he has yet to learn (it !)," is the answer expected. partners and to himself. As to the plain- he himself gives. I trust that "New -A monster torpedo was exploded in the Comer's" letter will attract the attention of our present humanitarian Administration promptest redress.

China. SHANGHAL

(News.)

The Settlement of Shanghai has taken a lead in a matter that it would be well for other and larger porta to follow. The loss on silver is felt by seamen more heavily than by any other class. Their pay, never too large for the work performed, is greatly diminished when paid either in dollars or instance, the rupes is handed to any master. again, and over and over again indignantly Thus, a seaman wishing to remit £5 to his police regulations. refused. The Chief Justice went on to explain family from India, and receiving 50 rupees at greater length, but to much the same as wages, has to pay for his draft 60 rupees tenour as Mr Snowden had previously done, 5 annas, thus losing on the comparatively what course was open to the plaintiffs to small sum of £5, £1.0.71, exclusive of the recover the amount they subscribed and stamp. The rupee has been as low as Is. of their subscriptions, and that they should also suggested that they should come to some arrangement about costs. He could what they had done, what concessions they their own costs. The costs of Mr Mackean's clients, who were free altogether from the charges suggested against the others, stood on a still higher ground. If no arrangement was come to between the

shillings earned, it is clearly time for some reported to be from eight to thirteen feet the Ministers, it will be accompanied by a. redress to be granted to those men.

anchored at the Red Buoy.

passage on record between the two ports. Mr Basil Hall Chamberlain, M.R.A.S.,

The Japanese corvette Kongo Kan went down to Woosung yesterday. We understand that H.E. the Japanese Minister will probably proceed to Japan by her to-day or

Mr G. Rhein, Secretary to the Netherlands Legation at Poking, leaves for Hongkong on Wednesday. After a short stay there, he intends to return here and then proceed to Peking.

Official information was received at the United State Consulate-General here on Monday afternoon, (28th) of the death at Tientsin of Mr. P. W. Marigum, late Consul for the United States at that port. The flags at the Consulates and on board the U.S.S. Palos were lowered to half-mast out of respect to his memory. Mr. Mangum to China in 1861, taking up an appointment at Ningpo. He was subsequently transferred to Nagasaki, from which port he came to Shanghai, and was in charge of American interests here during the absence of Mr. Seward in 1868. He returned to Nagasaki and went from there to Tientsin. at which place he died on the 11th of last

. NEWCHWANG. 25th January. By the arrival of Capt. Kofod; late master of the Siamese barque Kim Yun Tai, we learn that that vessel (229 tons) was totally lost off the coast of Corea on the 3rd November. She left this port on the 28th October, bound for Hongkong, with a cargo of peas and other produce, became leaky after experiencing very heavy weather, and after trying to keep her affoat for 3 days, she foundered. The captain and saving themselves, some in the long-boat others in a water tank, and one sailor by clinging to the wreck of a capsized boat When they reached the shore (over twenty men, besides some women and children) the Coreans received them very hospitably, and after keeping them nearly a month sent One is puzzled to know in what way to them off in carts to this port. They arrived on the 2 nd instant. The mate and one sailor went down with the vessel : another able sensitiveness which twists and contorts of the crew, a Siamese, died on the road.

country from Corea to this port they suffered considerably from the intense cold, but with the exception of one death and some frosthave had a violent attack of dyspepsia bites, they arrived safely, and will now be We are having fine, bracing weather, and

He cannot conceive it possible that the are well pleased to hear by the latest news master should have thought it the most that there is not to be war between Russia

> Japan: NAGASARL

(Express, Feb. 19.) Gambling has become notoriously rife in the settlement of late-especially on the A crowd of jinrikisha coolies, surrounded by sendoes, street Arabs, and other small fry, may be seen in the vicinity -Jack a-shore—is positively forbidden to exercise his vocal powers in one of lowest parts of the native town, under pain a crowd of coolies are permitted to obstruct

(Express, Feb. 26.)

The German barque Arab, bound from Cronstadt to Passiett, with a cargo of flour for the Russian Government, put in here other casts quieter than Jewish boys?" I on Wednesday, to await the breaking of the was not before aware that boys of other ice. The Jacobine, German barque, from the same port, under a similar charter, but were endowed with life and animation, bound for Wladivostock, arrived the follow-"New Comer" finishes his letter with a ing day. Both vessels took their departure every appearance of indignation,-" Is it a fine passage throughout, being 140 and 141

rupees in place of gold. In Bombay, for securing the immates of the house, succeeded pay the most taxes belong to nations in in carrying off satzu to the value of yen whose blood it runs to rise against any tax Hongkong Bank, 92 % prem., er div. mate, engineer or seaman discharged, or 1,000. Scarcely a week passes without which is not imposed with the full sanction Union Ins. Soc. of C'ton, \$1,550 per share, paid off there, at 2s., or ten to the £, for bringing to light similar instances of the of law, and this not for the reason that they China Traders Ins. Co., \$1,550 p. ak. fore him, but he might say that he thought whatever amount is due to him, although it insecurity of life and property in the native it was incumbent on Ban Hap to make this is a known fact that the market value of town, which is causing a general feeling of illegal. I cannot presume to speak as to Yangtsze Ins. Assoc., Tis. 735 p. al. offer. It had been made over and over that rupee may on that day be only 1s. 7d. dissatisfaction in regard to the police and other nations, but I would draw your atten- Chinese Ins. Co., \$315 per share.

Reports received from various quarters what the law on this point was. He dwelt old This is a legitimate grievance amongst all coincide in saying that the present is his hand "a letter by Mr Consul-General Hongkong Gas Co., \$80 per share. a class of men who are unable individually one of the most severe winters experienced Seward in regard to the power of the Hongkong Hotel Co., \$71 per share ex div. by even the simplest course open. He to searst their rights, or make their wants throughout the country for many years Ministers to sign these Regulations. Mr China Sugar Ref. Co., \$211 per share, sales, publicly known, and it is the duty of the past. Although there has been little or no Seward expressed an opinion that there was Do. Debentures, 3 % prem. public journals of the ports where such snow in Kobe, yet the surrounding hills are not any power in the Ministers and Consuls | Chinese Imperial Loan of 1874, nominal, matters occur to bring these grievances to covered, and in the immediate neighbour- to agree to them, and saked Congress to a case to sue for, that was the full amount the notice of those in power, both at the hood it is lying thick on the ground. In give that power. The answer was that H.K. Ice Co.'s shares, 25 % prem. port, and also to the notice of the Board of Osaka the snow-fall has been remarkably Congress agreed in this view and would also offer the maximum legal interest. He Trade in London. The rate of exchange heavy. On the 18th it commenced, and in give it." I am sorry to say that I have not posted on the British Consulate door of a few hours was over three inches thick all found any such power in the latest edition (Taken at Mesers Paleoner & Co.'s Premises. Shanghal, viz., 3s. 10d. to the dollar-is a over the city. A good deal has since fallen of the Revised Statutes of the United States. not agree that it was equitable that Ban fair rate. It is neither a great loss to the and is now lying in heaps along the sides of and I am alreid that this intention of Hap and the principal defendants, seeing seaman paid off, or to the owner paying off. of the streets. We hear that in the town Congress has gone, with many other good especially when it is considered that some of Fukui, Yechizen, the roofs of the houses intentions, to pave another place (laughter.) had reads, should be called upon to pay times for months the owner has the interest have already been thrice cleared, and huge In brief, Mr Chairman, I wish to say that of the money in his hands that has been banks of snow, level with the tops of the if the promulgation of the new code by our fairly carned by the seaman, but which he smaller houses, were in all the thorough. Ministers is not based upon some definite has not been called on to pay in that see. fares. The fall still continues, trees are law in every case, we may as well go on as man's absence at sea. The Chanaman's breaking down under the unusual weight we are, and trust to the good sense crew had four months pay due them when imposed upon them, and the inhabitants of our community and of our Councils she sank. Where on shore is it ever the are at their wits end how to get rid of to help us to scrape along, no doubt with a practice to allow any class of servants to fall the constantly accumulating impediment to good deal of friction at times, but still to Sait dismissed; question of costs re- into arrears of pay like that I Every month traffic of any kind. In the districts to scrape through. Half a loaf in this case is their entire claims are settled. When men the south of Insaho, at Tochinoki, Na- much worse than no bread at all. I pre-

with small wages lose 5d. to 6d. in each two kanokochi and Tsubakii, the snow is sume that when the now code goes up to The British ship Oakworth, which has ped. A few days since a reporter of the propose that this memorial should, among been on shore on the South Bank, has Osaka Nippo was going from Itadori to other things, set forth the necessity of hav-The British ship Dallam Tower arrived persons. While on the road they were liegulations based, in some form or other, at San Francisco on the 20th January, 27 overtaken by the snow-storm, and found on some distinct act of the legislature of days from Shanghai. This is, says the San | themselves utterly unable either to proceed | the country which he represents. Francisco Commercial News, the fastest on the journey or retrace their steps. They then took shelter in a grove, and spent a unheld the Regulations. day and night in a miserable condition. of the Imperial Naval College, Yeddo, has, although they attempted to keep warm by rather as being expedient than as a matter says the Academy, presented to the library burning the branches of trees. The snow of strict law. He did, however, uphold the of the Royal Asiatic Society 205 volumes, still continued falling, and what little pro- Regulations against Mr Twombly in his own of Japanese poetry, including the chief visions these unfortunates had with them Court. standard works of the Japanese poets, both were soon consumed. They had given up | The Chairman felt certain that if the prelyric and dramatic, with the most approved all hope, when some thirty of the villagers sent Council sent the Regulations to Peking arrived from Nakanokochi, and rescued the they would remember Mr Forbes's remarks,

> able predicament. We fully anticipate that, when full re- ceeded Mr Seward had expressed doubts ports are received, it will be found there as to the extent of their powers to uphold has been a great deal of suffering, and pro- the Regulations, but they had always done bably many lives lost. The privations to so, doubtless on the ground of expediency, which the poor are exposed during this and would probably continue. He believed inclement season, when they are unable to that if the matter were pressed, an Act of follow the occupations which afford at most | Congress giving powers could be obtained a wretched hand-to-mouth existence, is not at all a pleasant subject of contemplation.

> > Singapore.

(Overland Times, Feb. 21.)

There is nothing of political interest to record, but there is a deepening feeling amongst Natives that British rule, if strong and desirous of being beneficent, is really in action tyranuical, unjust and most expensive. It is said on all sides that with our cumbrous administration of law it is impossible to get justice without ruinous expenses. The English, the Natives say, are perpetually preaching to other nations, but it would be well if we first took the mote out of our own eyes. And we are afraid that there is a great deal of truth in the charge, and that our Courts of Justice are more or less a fraud, certainly more so in the eyes of Natives. The delay and expense in our administration of justice is Comique. Paris, the other evening, by certainly a reproach to us as a nation.

of our Police Force are reported to have stripes were composed of red roses and been attended with some difficulties, and white lilacs, the blue field was made of there is a general feeling that the best is violets, and the thirty-eight stars were not made of local material. Constables, it made of white lilacs. Such a magnificent is said, are difficult to get to come out here gift caused considerable excitement behind from home, and the Indian Government is | the scenes. - Court Journal. believed not to favour the enlistment of Sikhs from the North West of India. A new Ice Company has been started | the great Careme, and said to him severely:

pound, and the old Company has brought down its rate to two cents a pound. The formation of a Fire Brigade has been taken in hand by our new Colonial Engineer, the Hon. Captain McCallum, R.E.

and with every prospect of success, over eighty European residents having consented to inform me if the salmi was good?" "It Tigers would appear to be becoming unpleasantly numerous on the island, their presence having been lately frequently re-

ported in the Changhie, Kranjee, and Se-

etar districts.

TAXATION IN SHANGHAL At a meeting of Rute-payers held

Mr Forbes rose and said :- There is

the new Land Regulations for the Settlement, an interesting discussion arose in regard to the legal powers held to tax residents in the Foreign Settlement.

most important question which meets us at the very start in the consideration of the new Municipal Regulations, as it is meeting us towards the close of the life-time of our preamble very much on the old lines, because, from the nature of the case, the Regulation must ultimately come to us in some such form as this. But I submit that it is dangerous for jus to be too ready to assume legalise such a code as we must have if we are to have a new one at all. The circumstances have changed. Shanghai has grown from a small outpost of foreign trade into a great cosmopolitan centre, and there are many people on whose action much depends who have no idea how great the change has been. A gentleman entrusted by the United States Government with a high dinlomatic mission told me not very long ago that before he had seen Shanghai, his idea of the Settlement had been that of a few foreign houses in a twenty-five acre lot with a wall around it (laughter), and it is probable that an equal amount of ignorance is to be found tried and that throughout his severe trials bon-mot worthy of an Irizhman. He asks with on the same date, and have experienced a elsewhere. I think, therefore, Sir, that it is most important that the attention of for-" "If he thinks days respectively. Two more vessels are eign Governments should be seriously drawn to the fact that, by the march of events and the force of circumstances, we harbour from one of the Russian men-of- are now called upon to manage a Settlement war on Tuesday afternoon last. The covering several square miles of ground, they knew that he wanted their help, and that his grievances will meet with the charge of dynamite contained in it was, we where many millions of taels of foreign caare informed, equal to about 900 lbs. of pital are permanently invested, and many gunpowder. Several others were exploded millions more held in moveable property. vesterday, the volumes of water sent up by | and where to provide for the work which which testified to their immense power. is incumbent on us. we have to impose and H.M.S. Comus came out of Dock on Sa- levy taxes on foreigners numbered by thousturday last, and proceeded to Yokohama on lands, and on Chinese numbered by tens of Monday. The Albatros is shortly expected | thousands. This question of taxation is one which really lies at the root of all the The steamer Craiglands, Capt. Mitchell, others. With the Chinese, fortunately arrived from Shanghai yesterday afternoon. | there is no difficulty, for those who come We are informed on good authority that to live among us are only too glad to pay on the night of the 13th a band of six or our light taxes in return for the protection seven armed robbers made a raid upon the and advantages they receive. But with Sovereigns, ... residence of a high native official, and, after foreigners it is different, for those who

tion to the fact that very shortly after our H.K. Fire Ins. Co., \$975 per sh. present Land Regulations came into force, China Fire Ins. Co., \$310, per sh. sales. the question of their effect on American H.K. & W. Dock, 30 % prem. citizens was brought to the notice of the H. C. M. S.-boat Co., \$20 prem. sales. Ratepayers. At the annual meeting of Shai Steam Nav., Tls. S per s. nominal.

deep and all travelling is completely stop- memorial from the Council, and I would Nakanokochi, in company with seven other ing each foreign Minister's approval of the Mr Wetmore remarked that Mr Seward

Mr Forbes said he did so, but probably

half frozen travellers from their uncomfort- for which they were much obliged. Other American Consuls-General who had sucfrom the United States, and he doubted not that similar legislative enactments could be got from other Powers.

Mr Forbes said there was, he bolieved an Act of Congress which would confer those powers, with certain formalities. Mr Wetmore observed there was an jact which forbade the imposition of any tax upon a citizen of the United States except by the Government of the country in which he lived. He thought a clause might be put in the treaty between the United States and China empowering the Government of the latter country to levy the tax,

A discussion then followed regarding the boundaries of the Settlement, which, as a matter for reference, may be found in the North-China Daily News of 28th ulto.

A VERY beautiful fioral tribute was presented to Miss Van Zandt at the Opera several of her American admirers. It was The proposed changes in the constitution | made to represent the American flag : the

PRINCE Tallyrand once upon a time summoned his cook, who was none other than here offering Ice at the rate of one cent a "I am greatly displeased with you. You served me at 8 o'clook resterday with a salmi which should have been ready at 7; and thus my evening's appointments were all interfered with, and grave matters of State were left unconsidered or only half considered." " Will your Excellency deign was delicious, sir." "That, your Excellency, was the important point." And, with a profound bow, the artist retired.

A QUIET man was travelling a short time ago by rail, and was anuoyed by the noise which two or three men in the same carriage were making. One of them had been telling tremendous stories about himself in a loud voice, and had tried once or twice to draw out the quiet man, but in vain. At last he turned to him and said, rather offensively. Shanghai on the 25th February, to consider . I fear. Sir, that our noise has rather inconvenienced you ?" " Not in the least." he replied. "I thought," returned the noisy man, "that you did not seem interested by my stories." "Quite the reverse, my dear Sir," said the quiet one; "Lagas very much so in fact, I am a bit of a liar mysolf."

THE latest roturn of the number of votes cast for the candidates at the late presidential election reveals the somewhat startling fact that General Garfield has been elected present code; and that question is, how far by a minority of the electors. 9,192,945. the representatives of Treaty Powers at Po- persons voted, and only 4,439,719 were Reking have authority themselves to make publicans. Of the 4,753,226 who did not these Regulations binding upon their na- vote for General Garfield 4,436,060 vote for tionals. The Committee have drafted this General Hancock, 305,739 were "Greenbackers." 9,644 prohibitionists, and 1.793 yoted the temperance ticket. In the Electoral College the Republicans have 214 votes, and the Democrats 155; but in the plebiseite the Republican majority over that, because over thirty years ago, the Bri- General Hancock is only 3,659, out of a tish Minister was empowered to frame rules | total vote of over eight million votes. If for the good order and government of a few | the French electoral law prevailed in the of his nationals, the diplomatic body at States a second ballet would have had to be Peking have now authority of themselves to | taken, and as most of the Greenback votes would have been added to the Democratic poll, General Hanouck and not General Garfield would probably have been the successor of President Haves. These figures justify the assertion of the Now York Heruld that the Democrats would have carried the Union but for the treachery of Kelly, the "boas" of New York. - Patt

Quotations. HONGKONG, March 5. OPIUM-New Patna, cash, ...\$620 New Benares, cash, ... 635 New Malwa, credit,... 710 Allowance, Taels..... 8 Old Malwa, credit,... 750 Allowance, Taels 10 Exchange. 4 months sight. Documentary, 4 months sight. 3/91 demand. Gold Leaf, 991 fine

object to the tax in itself, but because it is North China Ins. Co., Tls. 1,125 per share. 1870. Mr Twombly said that he held in China Coast St. Nav. Co., Tis. 145 p. share.

Temperature. Queen's Road.) HONGKONG, March 5.

1 P.M.... 30.184 (Wet bulb) 9 A.M. 58 Do. Do. 1 r.m. 59 Do. Do. 4 P.M. Do. Maximum 60 Do. Minimum over night - 58

A CHARADE My first full many a manly heart Has had to do in vain. For maidens fair are often coy And love is sometimes pain.

My second's smooth and sharp and sleek. A nuisance often deemed But cats and torriers, could they speak Might say that they had dreamed Such glorious fun in chasing it That made for them it seemed.

My whole on "India's coral strand" Is situate, and thence . A staple goes to our dear land Which conjure pounds from pence.

Hongkong, February, 1881.

THE COURSE OF EMPIRE. The muse, disgusted at an age and chmo Barren of every glorious theme,

In distant lands now waits a better time,

Producing subjects worthy fame.

In happy climes, where from the genial sun And virgin earth such scenes ensue, The force of art by nature seems outdone: And fancied beauties by the true.

In happy climes, the seat of innocence. Where nature glides and virtue rules, When menuliall not impose for truth and sense The pedantry of courts and schools,

There shall be sung another golden age The rise of empire and of arts, The good and great inspiring opic rage, The wisest heads and noblest hearts.

Not such as Europe breeds in her decay : Such as she bred when fresh and young. When heavenly flame did animate her clay, By future poets shall be sung.

Westward the course of empire takes its way The first four acts already past: A fifth shall close the drama with the day; Time's noblest offering is the last. -Bishop Berkeley (died 1753).

THE OPIUM TRADE.

An appeal to the public on the subject of the opium trade has been issued by the Society of Friends in Great Britain. It to Chinese who may go to the United States points out that opium is universally ad- as labourers, other classes not being includmitted to be a poison, and that its use, otherwise than as a medicine, is strongly guarded against in this country by legislahas become extremely prevalent within the last hundred years, its effects are harrowing in the extreme. Of those who once give way to it few are permanently cured, and large proportion pass from one downward stage to another, till their miserable lives

are brought to a promature termination:" The appeal then traces the history of the trade from the time of the East India Company, and after this recapitulation it

"We certainly (they add) would not ad-

vocate its being made up by any additiona taxation on the Indian peasantry. It is not for us to go into financial details as to reduction of expenditure or adjustment of taxation; and we recognise the reasonableness of the proposition that the people of this country should be asked to contribute towards the delicioney which may, at least for a time, by occasioned by the surrender of the opium revenue. We trust that our fellow-countrymen will not shrink from assuming their fair share of the pecuniary responsibility, and that they will be determined at whatever cost to free themselves from the guilt of this national iniquity. The mode in which the greater part of the opium revenue is raised renders, it possibl at once to put an end to the present state of things. Most of the opium is grown in our own territories by cultivators who receive licenses for the purpose, and whose whole produce is purchased by the Government of India at a fixed price. The remainder, which is grown in the territory of native rulers, and on which our Govern ment receive a transit duty, is not" immediately under their own control. We ask our fellow-countrymen to join with us in earnestly pressing, by all suitable means, upon our Government that they should, in the first place, no longer delay to accede to the suggestion contained in the Chefoo Convention. Further, that they should put a stop to the issuing of licenses to grow opium in our Indian territories, and should adopt such means as may seem most suitable for checking its cultivation in the native States. Lastly, that they should cordially co-operate with the Chinese Government

A HUMORISTIC French journal published design representing an English soldier shivering under the snow in the mountains of Afghanistan. Underneath is the following: "The English troops are impatient to be led under fire !"

in putting down the trade in this notious

thus seeking to make some tardy amend for

the injustice of which our country has so

drug, and in the prevention of smuggling

long been guilty."

THE Egyptian Government has published - voluminous statistics relating to the navigation of the Suez Canal, from which the following figures may prove interesting :-The total movement during the first nine months of the present year 1880 in the two directions from North to South and vice · versa was 1.534 vessels of an actual tonnage of 3,318,810. The crews and passengers on board these 1.534 vessels numbered 101,119. It is hardly necessary to add that the British flag occupied the first rank in the movement, with 1,210 vessels out of the total of 1.534.

THE following statement gives the size of some of the largest churches in Europe and-America: St. Peter's Church at Rome will . hold 54,000 persons; Milan Cathedral, 37,000; St. Paul's at Rome, 32,000; St. Paul's at London, 35,900; St. Petronio at Bologna, 24,000; Florence Cathedral, 24,300; Antwerp Cathedral, 24,000; St. Sophia's, Constantinople, 23,000; St. John's Latern, Rome, 22,600; Notre Dame at Paris, 21,000; Pisa Cathodral, 13,000; St. Stephen's at Vienna, 12,400; St. Dominic's at Bologna, 12,000 ; St. Peter's at Bologna, 15.000; Cathedral of Vienna, 11,000; St. Mark's, Venice, 7,000; Spurgeon's Tabernacle, London, 7,000-; Dr. Talmage's, sire. 45,000; Dr. Aall's Church, Fifth Avenue,

New York, 2,000. tion, be called the 'hub' or centre of the take that Chinese subjects shall not be British Empire. Here resides the chief of permitted to import opium into any of the the Executive; hither come deputations of ports of the United States, and citizens of every category; it is made noisy at all the United States shall not be permitted to hours with the brilliant equipages of great import opium into any of the open ports of personages—foreign ambassadors; princes, China, or to transport from one port to any potentates of power. Then why in Heaven's other open port, or to buy and sell opium name, is it not kept clean? It is a disgrace in any of the open ports of China. to the metropolis. It is apparently in no absolute prohibition, which extends parish, and no scavenger's carts ever come vessels owned by the citizens or subjects of that way—you may recognise the same either Power, to foreign vessels employed subtract from this Joseph's age at the time scraps of orange-peel upon the pavement by them, or to vessels owned by the citizens day after day for a week or more; the same or subjects of either Power, and employed stones in David's bag when he killed Goliah heap of rubbish lies untouched before the by other persons for transportation of Premier's door-step. At intervals ragged epium, shall be enforced by appropriate urchins come and probe the dust for treasure legislation on the part of China and the the number of anchors cast out when Paul C. F. Sargent. trove, as they do in the remote suburbs. United States, and the benefits of the Surely it might be made some one's business to remove this reproach.

NEW UNITED STATES TREATIES WITH CHINA.

Washington, 14th January. The following is the full text of the Chinese Immigration Treaty, signed Peking on the 17th of last November, and transmitted to Washington for ratification by the United States Senate:

Whereas, in the eighth year of Hsien Fång. Anno Domini. 1858, a treaty of peace and friendship was concluded between the United States of America and China, and to which were added in the seventh year of Tung Chih, Anno Domini 1868, certair supplementary articles to the advantage of both parties, which supplementary articles were to be perpetually observed and obey-

Whereas, The Government of the United States, because of the constantly increasing immigration of Chinese labourers to the territory of the United States, and the embarrassments consequent upon such immigration, now desires to negotiate modification of the existing treaties which will not be in direct contravention of their spirit; now, therefore, the President of the United States of America appoints James B. Angell of Michigan, John F. Swift of California, and William H. Trescott of South Carolina, as his Commissioners plenipotentiary; and his Imporial Majesty, tho Emperor of China, has appointed Pao Chun, a member of his Imperial Majesty's Privy Council and Superintendent of the Board of Civil Office, and Ti Hung Tsao, a member of his Imperial Majesty's Privy Council, as his Commissioners Plenipotontiary: and the said Commissioners Pleni potentiary, having conjointly examined their full powers, and having discussed the points of possible modifications in existing treaties, have agreed upon the following Articles in modification :-

ARTICLE I. Whenever, in the opinion of the Governmont of the United States, the coming of Chinese labourers to the United States. or their residence therein, affects, or threatens to affect the interests of that country, or to endanger the good order of any locality within the territory thereof, the Government of China agrees that the Government of the United States may regulate, limit or suspend such coming or residence, but may not absolutely prohibit it. The limitation shall be reasonable, and shall apply only ed in the limitation. Legislation in regard to Chinese labourers will be of such deprocated by all medical authorities, and character only as is necessary to enforce the regulation, limitation or suspension of tive restrictions on its sale. "In China (it immigration, and immigrants shall not be adds), where the habit of opium smoking subject to personal maltreatment or abuse.

> ARTICLE II. Chinese subjects whether proceeding to the United States as traders, students or merchants, or from curiosity, together with their body and household servants, and Chinese labourers who are now in the United States, shall be allowed to go and come of the citizens and subjects of the most fa- Commissioners. oured nations.

ARTICLE III. If Chinese labourers, or Chinese of any ther class, now either permanently or temorarily residing in the territory of the United States, meet with ill treatment at the hands of any persons, the Government of the United States will exert all its power | Shanghai to be posted in the settlement :to devise measures for their protection, and ecure to them the same rights, privileges and exemptions as may be enjoyed by the eitizens or subjects of the most favoured nations, and to which they are entitled by

ARTICLE IV. Minister at Peking and consider the subunqualified benefit may result. In faith whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries Peking, in English and Chinese, there being three originals of each text of even tenor and date, the ratification of which shall be exchanged at Peking within one year from the date of its execution.

Done at Peking, this 17th day of November, in the year of our Lord, 1880. Kuang Hsu, sixth year, tenth moon, fifteenth day. Signed and sealed by the above-named Commissioners of both Governments .-

THE COMMERCIAL TREATY.

The following is the full text of the commercial treaty signed on the same day: The President of the United States of America and His Imperial Majesty the Emperor of China, because of certain points of incompleteness in the existing treaties between the two Governments, have named as their Commissioners Plenipotentiary: in future somebody dare to extort money The President of the United States of under such false pretences, he shall be America has appointed James B. Angell of apprehended, handed over to the Police, Michigan, John F. Swift of California, and brought before the Mixed Court to be and William H. Trescott of South Carolina, as his Commissioners Plenipotentiary: and His Imperial Majesty, the Emperor of China, has appointed Pao Chun, a member of His Imperial Majesty's Privy Countil and Superintendent of the Board of Civil Office, and Ti Hung Tsao, a member of His Imperial Majesty's Privy Council, as his Commissioners Plenipotentiary: and the said Commissioners Plenipotentiary having conjointly examined their full powers, and having discussed the points of possible modifications in existing treaties, have agreed upon the following additional Arti-

ARTICLE I. The Governments of the United States and China, recognising the benefits of their past commercial relations, and in order to still further promote such relations between | tional Institution during the storms of the the citizens and subjects of the two Powers, mutually agree to give the most careful and favourable attention to the representations of either as to such special extension of commercial intercourse as either may de- by fishing and other boats, making a total

The Governments of China and of the 27.600 shipwrecked persons. Downing-street may, without exaggera- United States mutually agree and under-

of either Power as against the provisions of this Article.

ABTICLE III. His Imperial Majesty the Emperor Uhina hereby promises and agrees that: other kind or higher rate of tonnage dues or duties for imports or exports or coastwise trade shall be imposed or levied in the open ports of China upon vessels wholly belong ing to citizens of the United States, or upon the produce, manufactures or merchandisc imported on the same from the United States, or from any foreign country, or upon the produce, manufactures or merchandisc exported in the same to the United States or to any foreign country, or transported the same from some open port of China to another, than are imposed or levied on vessels or cargoes of any other nation, or on those of Chinese subjects. The United States hereby promises and agrees that no other kind or higher rate of tonnage duties or dues for imports shall be imposed levied in the ports of the United States upon vessels wholly belonging to the sub jects of His Imperial Majesty, coming either directly or by way of any foreign port from any of the ports of China which are open to foreign trade to the ports of the United States, or returning therefrom, oither directly or by way of any foreign port, to any of the open ports of China, or upon the produce, manufactures or merchandise imported in the same from China or from any foreign country, than are imposed or levied on vessels of other nations nited States in tonnage duca or duties imports, exports or coastwise trade or than are imposed or levied on vessels and cargoes' of citizens of the United States.

When controversies arise in the Chinese Empire between citizens of the United States and subjects of his Imperial Majesty, which need to be examined and decided by the public officers of the two nations, agreed between the Governments of the United States and Ohina that such cases shall be-tried by the proper official of the nationality of the defendant. The properly authorised official of the plaintiff's nationality shall be freely permitted to attend the trial, and shall be treated with the courtesy due to his position. He shall be granted all proper facilities for watching the proceedings in the interest of justice. if he so desire he shall have the right to be present and to examine and to crossexamine witnesses. If-he' is dissatisfied with the proceedings he shall be permitted to protest them in debate. The law administered will be the law of the nationality of the officer trying the case.

In faith whereof, the respective Plenipotentiaries have signed and scaled the foregoing, at Peking, in English and Chinese. there being three originals of each text, tenor and date. the ratification which shall be exchanged at Peking within one year from the date of its execution,

Done at Peking, the 17th day of Novemtheir own free will and accord, and shall be ber, in the year of our Lord, 1880, Kuang accorded all the rights, privileges, immuni- Hau sixth year, tenth moon, fiftcenth day. ties and exemptions which are accorded to Signed and sealed by the above-named

> NATIVE PROCLAMATION: In accordance with request of Senior Consul; the following proclamation, has been ordered by the Municipal Council of

[Copy of Translation.] Chên, Magistrate of the Mixed Court for the Settlements North of the Yang-kingpang, issues the following prohibitory pro-

In former times it has been the custom amongst the inmates of the hats in the The High Contracting Powers, having country North of Shanghai to eject the sick agreed upon the foregoing articles, when-land infirm people from their houses and ever the Government of the United States | cast them into the street to die. This has shall adopt legislative measures in accord- always been for me a cause of great ance therewith, such measures will be come grief and commiscration. To prevent such municated to the Government of China, and deplorable practice in future, I have erected if the measures, as affected, are found to behind the Tawang temple in the Sinza home on our desk that has get more sense work hardship upon the subjects of China, village an asylum (the Chi Liu So) for the than a delinquent subscriber," says Mr Peck, the Chinese Minister at Washington may reception and maintenance of the friendless in his paper, "One day a female canvasser bring the matter to the notice of the Se- and forsaken. The institution which at came in with a life of Garfield, and laid it cretary of State of the United States, who | the time was reported to the Taotai, oxists on the table opened to the picture of the will consider the subject with him, and the now more than a year. Contributions from candidate and left it. - The cockroach walk-Chinese Foreign Office may also bring the the merchants and other well-off people ed through the violet ink and got his feet matter to the notice of the United States were received abundantly, and the money all covered and then he walked all over that used for the benefit of the asylum. Each | book and left his mark. The woman saw ject with him, to the end that mutual and gift was duly acknowledged and a proper the tracks and thought we had signed our receipt given to the donors. It has never name, and said she was sorry we had written happened in former times that contributions our signature there, because she had another have signed and sealed the foregoing at for the asylum have been demanded by book for subscribers' names. One day we people without permission from the proper | put our face to a deaf young lady to speak authority. But it has come to my know- to her, and the cockroach looked right the ledge that at the close of the last year some other way and seemed to be busy looking loafers and people of bad character have over an old copy of the Christian Statesman, been going about and trying with great but when he found that we only yelled at audacity to extort money from other people | the lady, he winked as much as to say, under the pretext that they belonged to Well, how did I know?' Oh, that cookthe asylum, which, as they said, was in reach is a thoroughbred." want of funds-to buy oil and other things for the New Year's festivities. Certainly this is very bad and not in conformity with good order and law. But as the greater part of the shopkeepers knew very well that the money would not go to the asylum, they wisely refused to subscribe for the

alleged purpose. I have been secretly making researches about this affair and issue now this proclamation for the better information of the Tipaos and the people in general. Should

punished severely. Let everybody obey! A special proclamation, issued in the firstmonth of the seventh year of Kuang Hau. True translation. (Signed) C. FREUSBERG.

A YANKEE who had never paid more than wenty-live cents to see an exhibition, went to a New York theatre one night to see the Dec. "Forty Thieves." The ticket seller charged him seventy-five cents for a ticket. Passing the pasteboard back, he quietly remarked: "Keep it, Mister, I don't want to see the other thirty-nine," and out he walked.

A LIST of the services rendered to shipwrecked craws by the lifeboats of the Nayear which has just closed, shows a total of 577 lives and 27 vessels saved from destruction. In the same period the Lifeboat Institution granted rewards for saving 120 lives of 697 lives saved. Since its formation, the society has contributed to the resous of

HENRY was asked "how many boys are there in your class?" He said: "If you multiply the number of Jacob's sons by the number of times which the Israelites compassed Jerichogand add to the product the number of measures of barley which Boaz Glenorchy. gave Ruth, divide this by the number of Canton. Haman's sons, subtract the number of each kind of clean beaats that went into the Ark, multiply by the number of men that went to seek Elijah after he was taken to Heaven. he stood before Pharach, add the number of aubtract the number of furlongs that Bethwas shipwrecked, subtract the number of P. G. Carvill. favoured claims in existing treaties shall persons saved in the Ark, and the remainder Bertha. not be claimed by the citizens or subjects will be the suswer."

A CIVIL MARRIAGE IN GEORGIA. Hongkong Bates of Postage. The Walker County (Ga.) Messenger says A newly-elected Justice of the Peace in (Revised December 1st, 1880.) this region who had been used to drawing

deeds and wills and little else was called upon, he his first official act, to marry couple who came into his office very hurried-Patterns, per two ounces. y and told him their purpose. He lost no time in removing his hat and remarked Hata off in the presence of the Court All being uncovered, he said : "Hold your right hands. You John Marvin, do solemnly swear that to the best of your

papers may be sent at Book Rate. knowledge and belief you take this yer woman, ter have and ter hold for yerself yer heirs, exckyerters, administrators and assigns, for your an' their use an'-behoof Books. "I do," answered the groom. You, Alice Ewer, take this yor man for

your husband, ter hey an' ter hold for ever an' you do further swear that you are lawfully seized in fee simple, are free from all incumbrances, and hov good right to sell bargain and convey to the said guarantee yerself, yer heirs, administrators and

"I do." said the bride, rather doubtfully. "Well. John, that'll be about a dollar'n'

Are we married?" asked the bride. "Yes, when the fee comes in." After some fumbling it was produced and handed to the 'Court,' who pocketed it and continued: "Know all men by these presents that I, being in good health and of disposin which make no discrimination against the mind, in consideration of a dollar'n' fifty, inches. cents, to me in hand paid, the receip whereof is hereby acknowledged, do and by these presents nev declars you man and wife during good behaviour and until otherwise ordered by the Court."

> A LITTLE boy was playing with a couple of five-cent pieces the other evening, which friend had given him, and putting his finger on one of them said, "This one I am going to give to the heathen." He kept on playing, till at last one of the pieces rolled away, and he could not find it. "Which one have you lost?" "The one I was going to give to the heathen," replied the

> A LADY who saw a sailor beaten and pounded by a brutal captain was made so ill that she remained below deck for several days. When she once more made her appearance on deck the sailor was at the wheel. In great sympathy she went to him, full of the memory of the dreadful event and said: "How is your head to day?" He had himself forgotten the little circumstance, and glancing at the compass, cheerfully replied: "West-nor-west and running free, madam."

THE first edition of the Christmas number of the Grankic consisted of 400,000 copies. and involved an outlay of £14,000. The drawings and engravings cost £3,000, the printing and electro-typing £6,000, and the paper-weighing 120 tons-£5,000. No fewer than 450 persons were employed in the Letters. work, most of them for six months. The first edition was exhausted within a few days of publication, and 100,000 copies besides were called for. But the proprietors announced that "it is quite impossible to supply the surplus 100,000 copies, the money for which, paid for by the trade, is now being returned."

MADAME Bernhardt's four weeks at Booth's Theatre, New York, netted \$98,880. The receipts were undoubtedly the largest ever drawn during a continuous series of representations by any actor or actress in the world. Nothing has ever been known to equal it. There have been special single nights which have surpassed any one of Bernhardt's-in benefits, for instance. But these have been the result of some peculiar and extraneous pull on the public purse, in legitimate business sense, there has been nothing like this remarkable engagement.

"THERE is a cockroach that makes his

Shipping Intelligence.

The following is corrected from the latest London and Colonial Papers, &c. :-VESSELS TO ARRIVE. AT HONGKONG.

Name From. 5, Vale of Doon, Antwerp London Lizzie Bell, Antwerp 15. Xenia, London Hercules Penarth J. W. Marr. Cardiff London 15. Willie Reed. Antwern 19. Star of China. London

Cardiff

19. Christine.

20, Westerguard, Hamburg Therese, Doner Laurens, Hamburg Laura. Hamburg Lucy A. Nickels. Penarth. Penarth Rockhurst. Clarissa B. Carver, New York Highlander. New York Bellerophon (s.) London Hilda Maria. Swansea Galley of Lorne (a.) London Tamsui (s.) Antwerp Antares (s.) Cardiff -Marlborough (s.) Cardiff Creswell. Liverpool Agamemnon (B.) Greenock 27. Glamia Castle (t.) London

LOADING FOR CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS At London .- Steamers via Suez Canal

Viceroy.

Iconia.

Astoria.

Wilses

Teucer. Glenfruin (s.) Bailing Vessels. At Liverpool. Stentor (s. Belted Will At Glasgow,

Meluaine.

In the following Statements and Tables the Rates are given in cents, and are, for

letters, per half ounce, for Books and Newspapers over four nunces in weight. case may be, but such papers or packets or

Sewapapers must not be folded together as one, nor must anything whatever be inserted except bona fide Supplements. Printed matter may, however, be enclosed, if the whole be paid at Book Rate. Prices Current may be paid either as Newspapers or Commercial Papers signify such papers

as though Written by Hand, do not bear the character of an actual or personal correspondence, such as invoices, deeds, copied music, drc. The charge on them is the same as for books, but, whatever the weight of a packet containing any partially written paper, it will not be charged less than

The sender of any Registered Article may accompany it with a Return Receip on paying an extra fee of 5 cents. The limit of weight for Books and Commercial Papers to Foreign Post Offices 4 lbs. Patterns for such offices are limited to 8 ounces, and must not exceed these dimensions: 8 inches by 4 inches by 2

N.R. means No Registration.

Countries of the Postal Union. The Union may be taken to comprise Europe, most foreign possessions in Asia, Japan, W. Africa, Egypt, Mauritius, al N. America, Mexico, Salvador, Brazil Peru, Venezuela, The Argentine Republic Jamaica, Trinidad, Guinna, Honduras, Bermuda, Labuan, with all Danish French, Netherlands, Portuguese and Countries Nor in the Union .- The chief countries not in the Union are the Aus-

Postage to Union Countries. General Rates, by any route :-10 cents per 1 oz. 8 conts each. Registration. 10 cents. 2 cents each. Books, Patterns and | 2 cents per 2 oz. Comm. Papers.

tralazian Group, Chili, and S. Africa.

There is no charge on redirected correpondence within the Postal Union. Postage to Non-Union Countries. Hawaiian Kingdom :-

Letters. Registration: Newspapers. Books & Patterns. West Indies (Non Union)t. Bolivisi. Chili1. Costa Rica. Guatemala, New

Granada, Nicaragua, Pauama, Paraguay T. Registration. Books & Patterns. Australia, New Zealand, Tasmania, and

Fiji, via Torres Straits, Letters, 10; Registration, 10: Newspapers, 2: Books and Patterns, 2: Via Galle, Letters, 25: gistration, 10; Newspapers, 2; Books and Patterns; 7 Natal, the Cape, St. Helens, and Ascen-

sion, via Aden, Letters, 25; Registration. 10; Newspapers, 2; Books and Patterns, 5. A small extra charge is made on delivery. There is Registration to British W. India. Islands, 10 cents.

LOCAL POSTAGE.

Cannot be sent via San Francisco.

Registration via San Francisco, 10 cents

Between Hongkong, Canton, and Macao, in either direction, Between any other two of the following (through a British Office) viz. Hongkong, Macao, China, Japan (d), Siam direct e), Coshin China, Jonquin (f), and the Philippives (f).	
22 2	Letters Regis- Oards No
55 cents	Regis- tration.
1 - 1 Å	Post Oards,
2 2	News-
	Books and Patterns per 2 oz.
22 691	Parcels, per lb- including Registry.

(e) Via Singapore, 10 cents.
(f) No Parcel Post.

Local Delivery.

1. All correspondence posted before & p.m. on any week day for addresses in Victoria will be delivered the same day, and generally within two hours, upless the delivery should be retarded by the Contract

2. Invitations, &c., can generally be delivered within Victoria at the private houses of the addressees rather than at places of business, if a wish to that effect be expressed by the sender, otherwise all correspondence is invariably delivered at the nearest place of business. 8. Boxholders who desire to send Circu-

lars, Dividend Warrants, Invitations, Cards, de, all of Le same weight, to addresses in and Japan, may deliver them to the Post Office unstamped, the postage being them charged to the sender's account. Each batch must consist of at least ten.

to the same places in the same way. Envelopes containing Patterns may be wholly General, as he may consider necessary, and approved by him. Printed Olroulars may be inserted in such Pattern Packers. Parcets.-The public is reminded that,

there is no such thing as Parcel Post to Huzope, do. Much trouble and disappolytment are caused by persistent attempts to send small valuable trifles through the Post Fans Curios Articles of Dress, Fancy Work, and similar presents are contiqually being refused, the seeders having often spent more in Postage than would have paid the freight by steamer. No | | Local Orders on Shanghai are drawn at 2 per refund can be made on such parcels of the value of Stamps obliterated before the nature of the contents was discovered.

Local Parcel Post. 1. Small Parcels may be sent by Post

between any of the Post Offices in China or Japan, as well as to Macao. Singapore, Penang, and Malacca. They must not exceed the following dimensions, 2 feet long, 1 foot broad, 1 foot deep, nor weigh more than 5lbs. The postage is 20 cents per lb., which includes Registraare charged as double, treble, &c., as the tion except to Japan, to which country parcels are formarded at Book Rates, Registry being optional. The parcels may be wholly closed if they bear this special endorsement, PARCEL, CONTAINING NO. LET-TER, but any parcel may be opened by direction of the Postmaster General.

2. The following cannot be transmitted Parcels instifficiently packed or protected or liable to be grushed (as bandboxes &c.) Glass, Liquids, Explosive substances Matches, Indigo, Dyestuffe, Ice, Mest Fish, Game, Fruit, Vegetables, or whatever is dangerous to the Mails, or likely to become offensive or injurious in transit.

8. Parcels will as a general rule be for warded by Private Ship, not by Contract Mail Packet. The Post Office reserves the right of selecting the opportunity for transmission; and of delaying delivery in case the number of parcels is such as to retard other correspondence. No responsibility is accepted with regard to any parcel, but the system of Registration will secure the senders against any but a very remote probability of loss.

4. The public are cautioned not to confound these facilities with a Parcel Post K Europe, do., which does not exist.

It is necessary that the following rules be strictly observed.

1. No Letter or Packet, whether to be for Postage if it contains gold or silver money. jewels, precious articles, or anything that, as a general rule, is liable to Customs

2. This Regulation prohibits the sending of Patterns of dutiable articles, unless the quantity sent be so small as to make the sample of no value.

3. The limits of weight allowed are as Books and Papers-to British Offic s. 5 lbs. 1 to the Continent. &c. 4 lbs. Patterns—to British Offices, 5 lbs. if with-

da. 8 oz.

Indemnity for the Loss of a Registered Letter.

out intrinsic value; to the Continent,

The Post Office is not legally responsible for the safe delivery of Registered correspondence, but it is prepared to make good the contents of such correspondence lost while passing through the Post, to the extent of \$10, in certain cases, provided:-1. That the sender duly observed all the conditions of Registration require.

2. That the letter was securely enclosed in a reasonably strong envelope. 3. That application was made to the Postmaster General of Hongkong immediately the loss was discovered, the

envelope being invariably forwarded with such application unless it also is lost. 4. That the Postmaster General is satis fied that the loss occurred whilst the correspondence was in the custody of the British Postal administration in China, that it was not caused by any fault on the part of the sender, by destruction by fire, or shipwreck, nor by the disho esty or negligence of any

Hongkong Post Office. 5. No compensation can be paid for mere damage to fragile articles such as portraits, watches, handsomely bound books, drc., Hue Foke Ngyoon 1 which reach their destination, although a broken or deteriorated condition.

person not in the employment of the

Money Order Begulations.

1.-Money Orders are exchanged with the United Kingdom, New South Wales, Que insland, South Australia and Port Darwin, the Straits Settlements, Western Australia, and (except at Shanghai) with the Japanese Empire. Hongkong also issues orders on Shanghai, and vice perso.

2 -Small sums may be remitted between the other Ports by means of Postage Stamps, subject to a charge of one per cent, for eaching them.

3.—Many Money Orders are supplied to residents at the smaller Ports in this way. An application for an order is filled up, and is enclosed with a stamped, directed, and unsealed envelope to the Postmaster at the nearest issuing office. The application must be accompanied with the full amount (including commission) in cheque, postage stamps, or other equivalent of cash, and a little margin should be left for variations of exchange. The Postmaster issues the order, sends it on in the envelope, and returns the change, if any, by first opportunity, with a receipt for the letter, if it were to be registered, as it always should. be. Care should be taken to send these Cubs. applications in time, as the Money Order Devina Offices close some hours before the depar- Fontennye tures of the mails.

4.—No order must exceed £10, or \$50, or include any fraction of a penny, nor will more than two such orders be issued to the Herkules same person, in favour of the same payee, Hermine by the same mail. Orders will be drawn at the current rate of the day and paid at J. W. Mar the rate of the day when the advice arrived. Madura The commission is as follows :-

Orders on the United Kingdom. Up to £2..... 18 cents. , £10.....72 , Local and Intercolonial Orders. Up to \$25 or £5 25 cents. 850 or \$10 ... 50

5.-Lasts of Money Orner Offices in the Family Herald. United Kingdom may be consulted at Flensburger Nachrichter. Hougkong and Shanghai.

6.—Names must be given in full (except Gegenwart, When there is more than one Christian Glasgow Weekly Mail. name) but the name of the Payee need not Heidi's Lobr and Wanderjahre. be given if the order be crossed (as cheques | Illustrated Sporting and Dramatic News. Hongkong, Bangkok, or the Ports of China are crossed). It can then be paid only India Portugueza. through a Bank, and may afterwards be Industrial Age. specially crossed to sny Bank. 7.- No order can be paid till the Payee Japan Herald Mall Summary.

has signed it in the proper place. An Leader. Boxholders may also send Patterns order our be transferred to another office La Petil Marsellaise. on payment of an additional commission | Le Petil Messager de Cosur de Marie. In case of less of an order, necessity for Idnoon Gasette. closed if the nature of the contents be first stopping payment, or the like, application. Long Island Record. exhibited or stated to the Postmaster should be made to the nearest Money | Masonic Distribution of Prizes, tickets. Order Office for instructions. 8 -If the order be not presented within | Nationattidende.

air months an additional commission will Niederlandische Handels and Schiffshrie Z be charged : if not within twelve months the money will be forfeited. When the Pall Malle Budget order is once paid no further claim can be Public Opinion. entertained. 9. No order can be paid until the advice | Sunday Magazine.

elstive to it has been received.

cent, premium in all cases. A dolar rate for drawing on the United Kingdom is in force at Blianghal.

PATTERNS. -Some difficulty is experienced obtaining a general understanding of what is a Pattern. It is a bond fide sample of goods which the sender has for sale, or of goods which he wishes to order. It is to consist of the smallest possible quantity compatible with shewing what the goods are, and must have no intrinsid value.

To provide means of remitting small sums of money to or from this Colony and between the Ports of China, the Postmasters and Agents are allowed (but not required) to purchase Hongkong Postage

stamps from foreign residents. Between Hongkong and Yokohama, however, in either direction, Money-Orders

nust be used. The Stamps tendered for sale must not sceed \$50 in value, must be perfectly clean, in good condition, and in strips of at least two, as no separate Stamps will be purchased. They must be presented perconally or accompanied by a note.

The Postmaster or Agent may postpone ourchasing if his public funds in hand are not sufficient, and he will refuse to purchase in any case which appears doubtful or auspicious. He is allowed to charge a Commission of one per cent on all Stamps ourchased.

POST OFFICE NOTICE. Unclaimed Correspondence, March 4, 1881.

Lete. Pap.

Agostini, Sigr. Dr. King Sing Knight, Edward 1 Lazard Freres Lennox. Frank Lie Jacub Lockhart. G. Bernheim and Lun Yes Maars Macgragor. Boles, Pos Lieu 7 Maclach-Sipelipr. lan. John Bonello, C. Man Fook Cheong Marmont, B. 2 1 card McPhinney, James 2 Moosdeen, A. R. 1 Cairatti. John Castisti, Sigr. A. 1 Morgan, Mrs May 1 Morton, Rev. Z. Chin Fang i Moses, Natan 🦠 I Moy Hin Shiang Osborne, Jas. H. 1 Chue Cheen-sam Overgrand, James 1 card Cornelley, E. Pardos, Leo. Partington, J. E. Crowlie, Mrs. Pay. G. Place, Sa. Ter-Darby, H. J. B. tuliens 1 regd.Rastmann, T. 1 pol. Remedios, Flo-Dias, Sr. D. Jose 1 Dovle, Thos. Robinson, L. D. 1 Rodgers, Arthur Resario Demlingos 1. Ruddle, Mrs Scherk, B. Sieberman, T. 1 regd. Franks, G. Spanning Osborne Stols, Chs. Galton, James 2 Stone, P. E. F. 1 Farrah, Thos. Stone, Thos. Forrester, Jas. Giahohn, J. W. 1 regd Suter, W. Sutton, Mr.G. Engineer Green, Capt. S. G. Tarring, C. E. Taylor, Chs. Handley, A. A. Taylor, W. Juliana C. Toyan, Samuel pol. Thom, Ties 1 regd. Henderson, J. J. 2 Thorose, M. M. Verner, Charles Victal, Franco. Hoe Seow Teck Warren, P. L. 1 l regd. Williams, J. 1 1 Hurst, Ed. (Seaman) 1 Woledge, Mrs W. 1 Ireland, A. H. 1 Wy Sing & Co. 1 Jamieson, Geo. 1 Detained for Postage.

Compbell, Miss Brookfield Heaton, Lancashire, 1 packet (detained for registration).

For Men-of-War, &c.

Lete. Pap H.M.S. Encounter, L. Ching 1 regd. A. G. Greham Gun Room Officers Dr. M. J. Podda F. Simpson's Wm. Wright 1 regd. Capt. S. Clair S. Crooke Zephyr, H. Chambers

For Merchant Ships

Low. Pap Lets, Pap. Malabar, a.s. 1 1 Mary Osehworthe Oceania Oldbridge Clan Ranald, s.s. S 2 San Josquin Schjung op Malye Spirit of the Age 1 Tamsui, a.s. Valparaiso Venore Woodville Josehim Cristian 1 Willis Reed

Books, etc. without Covers. Arbroath Guide. Athenæum. Baskets and Willow Furniture Man. Celtic Magazine. Christian Monthly and Family Tresury. Das Buchfür Alle. Delaware States Journal:

Free Church of Scotland Monthly Record. Japanese Papers.

Monitonr Financiar.

Tableau Comparatife des Chops, de. Wanderers' Club Rules, &c. Made out on a printed form which is supplied Weekly Despatch.

> Printed and published by Gro. Mugaz BAIR, at the Chine Mail Office, No. Wyndham Street, Hongrong.